

VULCAIN
One of the few
great
watches
GILMAN & CO. LTD.

CHINA MAIL

No. 35591

TUESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1953.

Price 20 Cents

ORIGINAL-ODINER
Calculator — Model 107.
+ — × ÷
Only \$550
HONGKONG TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE
9 D'Aguilar St. Tel. 21433.

COMMENT OF THE DAY

The Soviet Note

SHORN of its three specific proposals—that a peace conference be held, a provisional unified government established, and the holding of free elections—the latest Soviet Note to the Big Three relating to the future of Germany amounts to little more than a long list of complaints against the Western Allies and the West German Government of Dr. Adenauer. Nor do the Russian allegations cover any new ground. There is the familiar protestation that it is the United States, Britain and France who have prevented any progress being made in the conclusion of a German peace treaty and unification of the country; and the equally familiar charge that the creation of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation and the European Defence Community are both aimed at remilitarising Western Germany and to intimidate the "people's democracies" in Europe and elsewhere. Five-sixths of the Note, in fact, is merely a preamble, phrased in a critical and unconstructive style, more likely to deter the Big Three from accepting proposals for a conference than to encourage them to sit down with Russian and East German delegates for the purpose of working out a peace treaty. The general tone of the Note is surly and vindictive. As an endeavour to offer an historical survey of the German problem it is almost laughable. The background which the Russians have striven to provide is distorted in fact and amounts to nothing more than cheap propaganda. The conclusions which the Soviets reach as to why Germany remains divided and why no general peace treaty has been drawn up are wholly unsupported by established facts.

THE three concrete proposals which the Kremlin makes are of more importance. In the first place it is suggested that a peace conference should be convened within the next six months. There can be no serious objection to this proposition. Secondly, the Russians advocate the creation of a provisional all-German Government. Its status and functions immediately raise controversy. The Soviets envisage it replacing the existing Bonn and East German governments, yet at the same time comprising elements of both. It is extremely doubtful whether any such uneasy partnership could function satisfactorily. The alternative of establishing a provisional government whose functions would be strictly defined and limited to preparing for free general elections is rather more palatable, and probably more practicable. Nevertheless the Russians appear to desire to invest the provisional government with too much authority, namely that not only should it organise all-German elections, but should be free to supervise them. It has long been a contention of the Western Powers that in the matter of all-German elections they must first be conducted according to the system employed in the Western democracies, and secondly that there should be independent supervision to ensure that the elections conform to established principles of the free and secret ballot. Without this safeguard the Western Allies have every right to fear that the elections would fall short of essential requirements. The Soviet Note possesses its interesting points, but much needs to be clarified before the Big Three can agree to join in a peace conference.

EDGAR SANDERS PARDONED

Hungarian Govt's Action OVER 3 YEARS IN GAOL

Mr Edgar Sanders, imprisoned British businessman, has been pardoned by the Hungarian authorities, Budapest Radio said tonight.

The 49-year-old Russian-born representative of the Standard Electric Company was given a 13-year gaol sentence after a trial in Budapest People's Court.

An American colleague, Mr Robert Vogeler, sentenced with him, was released two years ago. Budapest Radio said the decision to pardon Mr Sanders had been taken by the Presidential Council headed by Mr Istvan Dobi. It did not say when he would be released.

Mr Sanders is married and has three children.

Moroccan Nationalists Blamed For Disturbances

Paris, Aug. 17. General Augustin Guillaume, French Resident-General in Morocco, today blamed Moroccan Nationalists for rioting which cost the lives of 32 Frenchmen and Moroccans in the past two days.

He told reporters at Casablanca, before flying to Paris to report on the explosive Moroccan situation, that "we have proof these disorders were knowingly provoked by the Istiqlal (Nationalist) Party."

Though the country was quiet as he left, hundreds of police still guarded the European sector of Casablanca. Earlier today they had seized 400 metal skewers, sharpened and fitted with handles, in the old Arab quarter of the town.

M. Vilmont, of the personal staff of M. Georges Bidault, French Foreign Minister, flew back to Paris with General Guillaume.

He was with the General at Marrakesh over the weekend when he persuaded 350 tribal chiefs to drop the plan of dethroning Sultan Mohammed Ben Youssef.

A COMPROMISE The chiefs, headed by Si Thami el Glaoui, Fasha of Marrakesh, compromised by proclaiming an elderly relative of the Sultan, Oulay Mohammed Ben Arafat, as spiritual head of Morocco's 7,000,000 Moslems in place of the Sultan.

The Sultan countered by declaring them "rebels and heretics" and ordering them to sort out the tangle.

Both sides appealed to France to sort out the tangle. The tribal chiefs denounced by the text of an open letter to General Guillaume, protesting against the rifts, particularly at Oujda (eastern Morocco) "where innocent people died and the house of a member of our movement was set on fire."

Twenty people are reported to have been killed in Oujda. The chiefs declared last night: "The only solution is to depose the Imam Sidi Mohammed Ben Youssef, whose conduct is incompatible with the prescriptions of religion, and replace him by another spiritual chief capable of ensuring the free practice of religion."

They added: "It is not the first time that Moslem peoples have risen against sovereigns who have abandoned the way of religion" and they gave as examples ex-Kings Amanullah of Afghanistan and Farouk of Egypt.—Reuter.

Shoot Woman

Two youths walked into a drapery shop here today in Melbourn, shot the young woman owner in the chest and escaped with £4.

The shopkeeper, Mrs Dorcas Langdale, 32, was rushed to hospital.—China Mail Special.

Big 3 Offer To Russia

London, Aug. 17. Britain, France and the United States today told Russia they would drop their proposed short treaty for Austria's independence provided the Soviet Union did not raise "extraneous issues" in negotiating any other treaty.

The Western powers made their offer in a note handed over today by their ambassadors in Moscow replying to Russia's note of July 30.

The text of the Western note, published here by the Foreign Office tonight, was: "The British Government have examined with care the note on July 30 in which the Soviet Government indicated that it was prepared to resume discussion of the treaty for Austria if the abbreviated treaty were withdrawn from consideration."

In their note of June 11 the government of the United Kingdom, United States and France stated clearly as they had already done on a number of previous occasions, that they were prepared to accept any treaty which would ensure Austria its political and economic independence and requested the Soviet Government to inform them of the exact text of the treaty which the Soviet Government was prepared to conclude.

NO RESPONSE "The Soviet Government has not responded to this request. Furthermore the Soviet Government declined to attend the meeting of the Austrian treaty deputies called for May 27 in London."

The British Government suggested in their note of July 15 that the Austrian treaty should be discussed at the meeting of the four foreign ministers.

But in view of the Soviet Government's note of July 30, and so as to conclude an Austrian treaty as soon as possible, the British Government proposed that the treaty deputies be convened in London on August 31, 1953, in order to discharge their obligations to report on this matter to the foreign ministers.

On the understanding that there will be no extraneous issues raised until the Soviet Government is prepared to conclude an Austrian treaty, the British Government undertakes not to introduce for consideration the 'abbreviated treaty'.

Not Divided, Even In Death Martin and Ann Butterworth were the perfect Darby and Joan old couple to the villagers of Weston Hills.

They had been together for 55 years. Not once throughout their married lives had they been parted.

They had never had a holiday, never seen a film, and never been to London less than 100 miles away.

Ann, 76, died yesterday. Martin, 80, a dunn worker all his life, died today. They will be buried together in the little parish church on Wednesday. — China Mail Special.

Freed And Expelled

London, Aug. 17. Budapest Radio said tonight that British businessman Edgar Sanders had already been freed and expelled from Hungary.

A British Foreign Office spokesman said he had received no official information from the British Ambassador in Hungary that Mr Sanders had been released, but it was "almost certainly true."—Reuter.



A thirty-six inch water-main broke in East 14th Street, New York, flooding a subway station and causing an explosion which ripped up the road. It flooded shops and ruined goods worth thousands of dollars, and caused a column of boiling water to shoot 40 storeys high. Nobody was hurt, but 1,000 spectators were evacuated from a nearby cinema.—London Express.

FRENCH STRIKE SITUATION WORSENS

FIRM STAND BY LANIEL

Paris, Aug. 17. The French strike crisis took a serious turn for the worse tonight as the Prime Minister, M. Joseph Laniel, refused to continue negotiations until all strikers had gone back to work.

He warned that new emergency measures would be brought into force if everybody was not at work by tomorrow morning.

This followed secret talks between Government and labour leaders since last Wednesday. Socialist and Catholic Union leaders reacted promptly to M. Laniel's challenge by declaring that the strikes would continue.

No hint was given at the Prime Minister's office of what new measures the Government would take to defeat the strikers. But it was thought likely that powers to regulate workers on pain of going to prison would be much more widely used than hitherto; that more army lorries would be put on the streets of Paris; that army engineers would be drafted into the post office to ensure provincial foreign telephone communications; and that troops would be drafted into the capital to help the police to maintain order should that become necessary.

WORKERS SENTENCED For the first time since the strikes started, postal workers, refusing to obey a Government ban on going to work, were sentenced to imprisonment. Five recalcitrant employees got eight days' imprisonment each.

The calling of an emergency session of the National Assembly appeared increasingly probable tonight. The Speaker, M. Edouard Herriot, said he would make up his mind on Tuesday whether to call the Bureau Committee of the Assembly together to discuss the matter.

He has now received more than the necessary 200 requests from Deputies, but some of them have come by telegram. So far only 133 requests have been received in letter form as required by the rules. But this formality might be waived.

The strong line taken by the Prime Minister was reported not to have the full approval of all members of his Cabinet. Attribution by the sovereign Parliament in the present struggle between the Government and a big section of the population seemed to some observers a necessary safety valve.

The Socialist Force Ouvriere trade union federation announced in a communiqué tonight that the Government had asked for a reply today to certain proposals it had made. But further examination was needed and so the request could not be complied with, said the communiqué. Negotiations with the Government had been broken off "for the time being."

The executive committee will meet again on Tuesday morning. Later a joint meeting with the Catholic union leaders will also take place.

The Force Ouvriere asked its members to remain calm. WHAT HAPPENED M. Rene Botheron, Secretary-General of the Force Ouvriere federation, gave Reuter this description of negotiations with the Government: "The Premier saw me and the Catholic representatives at seven o'clock last night. We had an almost all-night meeting in the course of which we made proposals the Premier said he could not accept. "The Government made counter-proposals, but they were not what we had hoped for. The meeting broke up at dawn. We handed a new set of proposals to the Premier at seven o'clock tonight, but knowing the attitude of the Government, we had already decided to continue the strike."

M. Botheron would not reveal what the latest labour proposals were. M. Laniel tonight broadcast to all French strikers and asked them to return to work by tomorrow morning. He said no further talks between the Government and unions could take place until work had been resumed. Premier Laniel, after all-day talks with union leaders, announced that further negotiations would not take place until everybody had returned to work. He said: "I ask everybody to end the strike tomorrow, Tuesday. I hope the union leaders (Contd. on back page, col. 7)

MR VYSHINSKY KEEPS QUIET

UN Meeting Passes Off Without Incident

New York, Aug. 18. The United Nations Political Committee will today (Tuesday) discuss the question of setting up a Korean political conference.

The task was passed to the Committee last night by the General Assembly after a seven-minute formal plenary session.

Delegates anxiously watched Mr Andrei Vyshinsky, heading the Soviet team of eight, to see if he would make a move to bring up the controversial issue of representation for Communist China.

But the Russian sat quietly in his seat, and Western members heaved a sigh of relief.

Mr Vyshinsky will still have a chance of bringing the matter up today by demanding a hearing in the Political Committee for the Peking Government and the North Koreans.

The only business transacted last night by the Assembly was the reading of a formal statement by the President, Mr Lester Pearson, of Canada.

He told the Assembly: "It is our task and our responsibility to begin where the armistice negotiators ended, and to make provision for the political conference recommended in paragraph 60 of the armistice agreement. "We are not here as I understand it, to discuss the substance of the peace settlement in Korea, but to provide for the United Nations machinery to bring about that settlement, which the armistice has now made possible."

SMUGGLERS CAUGHT

Naples, Aug. 17. Italian Customs police announced today that they seized 7½ tons of contraband American cigarettes valued at 100 million lire from a motor schooner, which they alleged was flying the British flag.

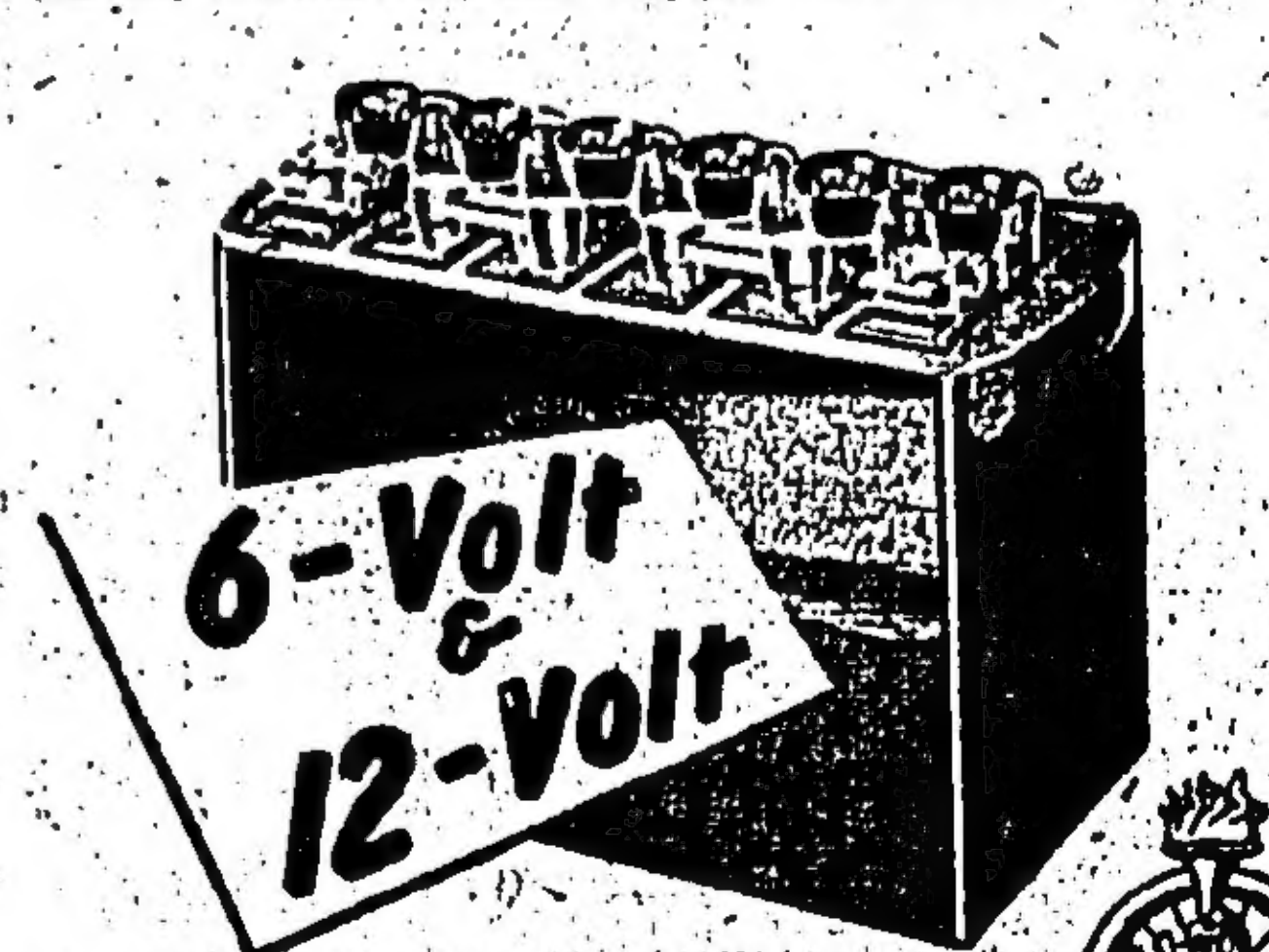
The Italian police said they had boarded the schooner, which they said bore the name Padma and probably came from Tangier, south of the island of Capri.

Seven men on the schooner — British subject from Gibraltar, two Spaniards and a Sicilian — were arrested and were being held in Naples.

The police said the seizure of the cigarettes found in the schooner's holds was one of the biggest police coups since the war against smugglers began seven years ago.—Reuter.

LUCAS

DEPENDABLE CAR BATTERIES



Obtainable From
'All Leading Motor-Car Dealers, or
AGENTS:
DODWELL MOTORS LTD
Queen's Bldg., Ice House St. Telephone 37630

3 SHOWS
TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.15,
& 7.20 P.M.
ONLY

KING MAJESTY
A DEATH
WITH DEATH

SHOWING
TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.15,
7.20 & 9.30
P.M.

RANDOLPH SCOTT
IN
THE STRANGER WORE A GUN
CLAUDE TREVOR
A DEATH
WITH DEATH
ALSO LATEST PARAMOUNT NEWS AT KING'S

CAPITOL LIBERTY
THE HOME OF M-G-M PICTURES
Wing Film Firm, Hong Kong Hotel, Queen's Road, C.
LAST 2 DAYS
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

time bomb
COMMENCING THURSDAY

GREER GARSON - WALTER PIDGEON
"Scandal At Seaside"
TECHNICOLOR

EMPIRE THEATRE
TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

DUE TO LIMITED RUN OF THIS PICTURE AT THE KING'S THEATRE WE RESUME ITS RUN AT OUR THEATRE.

GLORY AT SEA
"ALL IN ALL I SHALL BE PLEASANTLY SURPRISED IF THE LONG-AWAITED 'CRUEL SEA' IS AS GOOD AS 'GLORY AT SEA'—DIANA TALBOT (S.C.M. POST).
ALSO LATEST PARAMOUNT NEWS

ALSO LATEST PARAMOUNT NEWS

GALA PREMIERE
21st AUGUST—9.40 p.m.
AT
KING'S • PRINCESS • EMPIRE

Salome
Your eyes will see the glory...
RITA HAYWORTH • STEWART GRANGER
CHARLES LAUGHTON
ADVANCE BOOKING NOW AVAILABLE

R-O-X-U & BROADWAY
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ONLY
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

TITANIC
CLIFTON WEBB • BARBARA STANWYCK
GRAND OPENING THURSDAY, 20TH AUG.

Sailor King
JEFFREY HUNTER
MICHAEL RENNIE
WENDY HILLER

Churchill Urged To Put An End To The Mystery

London, Aug. 17.

Sir Winston Churchill is being pressed to put an end to the mystery of his illness and to say whether he will soon resume the full burdens of the Premiership—or retire.

Most of the agitation comes from newspapers. But it reflects public and political anxiety.

It is now over seven weeks since the dramatic announcement that the Western Big Three talks at Bermuda were shelved because Sir Winston Churchill had been ordered to rest.

The public is still trying to guess what really was wrong with the Prime Minister—a task made none the easier by world speculation on strokes, cerebral anaemia, heart attacks, and the like.

The mass circulation Daily Mirror gave over its front page today to banner headlines asking: "What is the truth about Churchill's illness?" and demanding why the British people should not be told the facts.

Speculation has been going on for more than a month, and the Prime Minister has steadfastly declined to do anything about it.

He can remain silent for weeks longer. Parliament does not meet until mid-October and he can work as easily from his country residence—as he has done in past recesses—as from Downing Street.

Obviously better. Meanwhile, the facts, and probabilities, can be summed up thus:

Sir Winston Churchill, who was officially described as suffering from nervous fatigue, is demonstrably in much better health now than he was in June, when he appeared desperately tired.

He is working hard. Today, for instance, he studied a summary of the Russian note on Germany received from the British Embassy in Moscow last night.

It was he who, to quash domestic political criticism, last Friday drew up a long announcement explaining Britain's position in the 16-Power declaration on the possible consequences of a breach of the Korean Armistice. He looks reasonably fit. Many people saw him when he visited Downing Street last week for foreign affairs talks. He carried a stick, but showed no limp or other disability such as might follow any kind of seizure.

THE QUESTION He was bubbling over with high spirits. But he also looked his age, nearly 70.

Politicians ask, whether, having had one warning from his admittedly exceptional constitution, he can ever ask as much of it again.

Those who have known the Prime Minister longest cannot see him retiring unless he is convinced his health will no longer stand the strain.

On the other hand, they declare he would not eling to office if he could not throw his full weight into the job. For a man of his temperament, that would be an insupportable position.

EDEN'S RETURN Sir Winston Churchill, with his naturally buoyant outlook, is evidently hoping that when it becomes necessary to resume his old duties at Downing Street he will be fit enough.

That seems clear from the fact that he has announced he is "on duty" throughout August and has allowed his "acting Prime Minister" Mr. R.A. Butler, to go off holiday.

The Prime Minister is unlikely to commit himself to any announcement of future plans until his official deputy, Mr. Anthony Eden, returns from Greece, where he is now making a successful recovery from operations for gall bladder and bile duct trouble.

Mr. Eden's return does not have to reassure the abdominal burden he was carrying last June. Then he "doubled" as Prime Minister and Foreign Secretary, which caused his own breakdown.—China Mail Special.

They found very large unfished areas existing in the western part of the Indian Ocean at great distances off the East Coast of Africa.

The report said there was a fishable area of 7,500 square miles within three days steaming of the Seychelles, which lie about 1,000 miles off the East African coast.—China Mail Special.

They found very large unfished areas existing in the western part of the Indian Ocean at great distances off the East Coast of Africa.

The report said there was a fishable area of 7,500 square miles within three days steaming of the Seychelles, which lie about 1,000 miles off the East African coast.—China Mail Special.

They found very large unfished areas existing in the western part of the Indian Ocean at great distances off the East Coast of Africa.

The report said there was a fishable area of 7,500 square miles within three days steaming of the Seychelles, which lie about 1,000 miles off the East African coast.—China Mail Special.

They found very large unfished areas existing in the western part of the Indian Ocean at great distances off the East Coast of Africa.

New Australian Uranium Field

Great expansion of employment in Australia's Northern Territory is in sight with the latest discovery of a new uranium field 230 miles South-east of Darwin. These deposits are described by geological experts as equal to, if not better than Rum Jungle field.

More than 600 men are engaged in the development of already known uranium fields and the latest known as Coronation Hill in honour of the Queen's Corporation will employ a further 100 almost immediately.

Mussolini Mystery Solved?

Rome, Aug. 17.

The seven-year-old mystery of the whereabouts of the body of the late dictator Benito Mussolini was claimed to be solved by the Rome newspaper Giornale d'Italia today.

In a despatch from Salerno, near Naples, the newspaper said that the body of the late dictator was buried in the cemetery of Predappio, the native town of Mussolini, near Forli.

The newspaper said that the claim was made by an unidentified young girl who claimed that her uncle had examined the remains before they were buried at Predappio.

The girl, according to the newspaper, said that her uncle had been called to examine the body because he is a "well-known doctor" of Predappio.

The despatch, however, found little credit among many Italians who recall that at least twice a year some newspaper comes up with an "exclusive" on where the machine-gun riddled body of the Fascist leader is hidden.

BODY STOLEN After Mussolini's execution north of Milan on April 28, the body of the dictator was buried in an unmarked grave at Milan's Musocco Cemetery. On the night of April 22-23 four men entered the cemetery and dug up the body. They apparently wrapped the remains in a tarpaulin and carried them away. The body had apparently been snatched from its grave by a group of neo-Fascists.

After eight months of investigation the Police found the body in a Milan monastery. They spirited the body to a new secret burial place that was never officially revealed.

The Police today would not comment on the Giornale d'Italia story. They want to keep their secret.—United Press.

Hirohito's Cable To King Haakon Tokyo, Aug. 17.

Emperor Hirohito today cabled King Haakon of Norway, thanking him for the hospitality shown to Crown Prince Akihito during the Prince's recent visit.

The message also thanked King Haakon for awarding the Prince the Grand Cross of the Royal Order of Saint Olav.—China Mail Special.

The Police today would not comment on the Giornale d'Italia story. They want to keep their secret.—United Press.

Hirohito's Cable To King Haakon Tokyo, Aug. 17.

Emperor Hirohito today cabled King Haakon of Norway, thanking him for the hospitality shown to Crown Prince Akihito during the Prince's recent visit.

The message also thanked King Haakon for awarding the Prince the Grand Cross of the Royal Order of Saint Olav.—China Mail Special.

The Police today would not comment on the Giornale d'Italia story. They want to keep their secret.—United Press.

Hirohito's Cable To King Haakon Tokyo, Aug. 17.

Emperor Hirohito today cabled King Haakon of Norway, thanking him for the hospitality shown to Crown Prince Akihito during the Prince's recent visit.

The message also thanked King Haakon for awarding the Prince the Grand Cross of the Royal Order of Saint Olav.—China Mail Special.

The Police today would not comment on the Giornale d'Italia story. They want to keep their secret.—United Press.

Hirohito's Cable To King Haakon Tokyo, Aug. 17.

Emperor Hirohito today cabled King Haakon of Norway, thanking him for the hospitality shown to Crown Prince Akihito during the Prince's recent visit.

The message also thanked King Haakon for awarding the Prince the Grand Cross of the Royal Order of Saint Olav.—China Mail Special.

PELLA CABINET GOING BEFORE PARLIAMENT

Rome, Aug. 18.

Italy's new minority stop-gap Government will go before Parliament tomorrow to ask for a vote of confidence giving it a life of about three months.

The new Government, composed of Christian Democrats and headed by the Party's economic expert, 51-year-old Signor Giuseppe Pella, held its first Cabinet meeting last night and approved a statement of policy after being sworn in by the President, Signor Luigi Einaudi.

Only Communists and left-wing Socialists were expected to vote against the Government's confidence motion in Parliament.

The support of the Christian Democratic Party and the support or abstention of all other parties, including the right-wing and neo-Fascists, was expected to give the Cabinet a safe majority.

Signor Pella said the main purpose of his Government was to give the country's "eight parties" time to sort themselves out of the deadlock which in the last nine weeks has caused one Government to fall as soon as it went before Parliament and another to disintegrate a few hours before it was due to be presented to the President of the Republic.

The deadlock resulted from Italy's second post-war general elections in June, which showed a high increase in both left and right wings and defeat of the centre parties' effort to gain half the nation's votes and an automatic bonus of seats in Parliament.

For the first time in nine years the former Prime Minister, Signor Alcide De Gasperi, inspired by Italy's strongly pro-American policy in recent years, will be seated among the ranks of the Christian Democratic Party in the Chamber of Deputies instead of in the centre of the Government bench.

Signor Pella also retains his old post of Budget Minister. This was taken to be a practical demonstration of Signor Pella's declared intention to limit the activities of his Government to the concrete question of administration.

The frequent companion of Signor De Gasperi at international meetings for the last five years, Signor Pella was expected to try to maintain his policy of strong support for the Atlantic Pact and European Union but without committing his Government to any major decisions.

FIGHTING THE REDS At home he has indicated he will maintain the Conservative financial policy which in five years has built the Italian lira into one of Europe's strongest currencies, enabling it to resist the upheaval of the start of the Korean war and British devaluation.

But he will also maintain the two-year-old programme of massive government investment in poverty-stricken southern Italy where land reform and huge projects for road building, water conservation and reforestation are being hastily pushed through to plan the ground of Communism for the industrial north.

Signor Pella's associate in the leadership of a socially progressive trend in the Christian Democratic Party, 41-year-old Signor Paolo Emilio Taviani, has been given the Ministry of Defence, at present regarded as a non-political job.

The only innovation so far announced by the Pella Government is an attack on Italy's outdated bureaucratic system, loaded down with hundreds of thousands of surplus officials whom no government has yet dared to fire.

It was thought unlikely that Signor Pella could get far in the three months he has indicated as the probable life of the Government, but his nomination was expected to counter Communist efforts to organize the nation's 1,500,000 civil servants into strike agitation.—China Mail Special.

Signor Pella's associate in the leadership of a socially progressive trend in the Christian Democratic Party, 41-year-old Signor Paolo Emilio Taviani, has been given the Ministry of Defence, at present regarded as a non-political job.

The only innovation so far announced by the Pella Government is an attack on Italy's outdated bureaucratic system, loaded down with hundreds of thousands of surplus officials whom no government has yet dared to fire.

It was thought unlikely that Signor Pella could get far in the three months he has indicated as the probable life of the Government, but his nomination was expected to counter Communist efforts to organize the nation's 1,500,000 civil servants into strike agitation.—China Mail Special.

Signor Pella's associate in the leadership of a socially progressive trend in the Christian Democratic Party, 41-year-old Signor Paolo Emilio Taviani, has been given the Ministry of Defence, at present regarded as a non-political job.

The only innovation so far announced by the Pella Government is an attack on Italy's outdated bureaucratic system, loaded down with hundreds of thousands of surplus officials whom no government has yet dared to fire.

It was thought unlikely that Signor Pella could get far in the three months he has indicated as the probable life of the Government, but his nomination was expected to counter Communist efforts to organize the nation's 1,500,000 civil servants into strike agitation.—China Mail Special.

Signor Pella's associate in the leadership of a socially progressive trend in the Christian Democratic Party, 41-year-old Signor Paolo Emilio Taviani, has been given the Ministry of Defence, at present regarded as a non-political job.

The only innovation so far announced by the Pella Government is an attack on Italy's outdated bureaucratic system, loaded down with hundreds of thousands of surplus officials whom no government has yet dared to fire.

It was thought unlikely that Signor Pella could get far in the three months he has indicated as the probable life of the Government, but his nomination was expected to counter Communist efforts to organize the nation's 1,500,000 civil servants into strike agitation.—China Mail Special.

Signor Pella's associate in the leadership of a socially progressive trend in the Christian Democratic Party, 41-year-old Signor Paolo Emilio Taviani, has been given the Ministry of Defence, at present regarded as a non-political job.

The only innovation so far announced by the Pella Government is an attack on Italy's outdated bureaucratic system, loaded down with hundreds of thousands of surplus officials whom no government has yet dared to fire.

It was thought unlikely that Signor Pella could get far in the three months he has indicated as the probable life of the Government, but his nomination was expected to counter Communist efforts to organize the nation's 1,500,000 civil servants into strike agitation.—China Mail Special.

Signor Pella's associate in the leadership of a socially progressive trend in the Christian Democratic Party, 41-year-old Signor Paolo Emilio Taviani, has been given the Ministry of Defence, at present regarded as a non-political job.

The only innovation so far announced by the Pella Government is an attack on Italy's outdated bureaucratic system, loaded down with hundreds of thousands of surplus officials whom no government has yet dared to fire.

LEE GREAT WORLD

TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.40 p.m.

The Greatest Love Story Ever Told... The Greatest Spectacle Ever Filmed!



Lecil B. DeMille's "CRUSADES" Cost of 10,000

Loretta Young Henry Wilcox

Produced and Directed by LECIL B. DEMILLE A PARAMOUNT PICTURE

NEXT CHANGE

ABBOTT COSTELLO GO TO MARS

ALL NEW

MARI BLANCHARD A UNIVERSAL INTERNATIONAL PICTURE

MINERS RETURN TO WORK

Tokyo, Aug. 17.

About 723 striking workers of the Shigeuchi coal mine in Isobara town, Ibaragi Prefecture, went back to work this morning after reaching an agreement with the management over the payment of summer allowances.

The workers, affiliated with the Japan Coal Mine Workers Union, had been on a 72-hour strike since the first shift of August 15.—China Mail Special.

QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA

SHOWING TO-DAY

Strongly Recommended to European Audiences

WITH ENGLISH SUBTITLES

"GENERAL CHAI & LADY BALSAM"

Starring LI LI-HWA

PRINCESS

SHOWING TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.40 P.M.

Hans Christian Andersen

Danny Kaye

FARLEY GRANGER JEAN MAIRE

ORIENTAL AIR CONDITIONED

SHOWING TO-DAY: 2.30—5.30—7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

A Soaring Epic of Song and Dance... Oceans of Romance and Glitz... Glitz Musical Fun!

A CHASE THE BLUES MUSICAL

ALL ASHORE

NEXT CHANGE: "THE IRON CROWN"

The first EGYPTIAN PICTURE show in H.K.

A MODERN EGYPTIAN PRODUCTION WITH LOVE, HUMOUR, MAGIC, MUSIC & HORSEMANSHIP!

"PRINCESS of the ISLAND"

with English Subtitles. Six Big Egyptian Stars

Opens To-morrow at CATHAY

POP



I DON'T AVE A CRUST IN ME ALL YESTERDAY



I DON'T AVE A CRUST IN ME THE DAY BEFORE

I PUENTE AD A CRUST ALL DAY TODAY!



I PUENTE AD A CRUST ALL DAY TODAY!

AND I DON'T CARE A BIT IF I DO HAVE A CRUST TOMORROW EITHER!



AND I DON'T CARE A BIT IF I DO HAVE A CRUST TOMORROW EITHER!

Something new under the sun ZEISS UMBRAL LENSES



CHINESE OPTICAL CO. Specialist Hongkong-Kowloon

President Eisenhower Report To Congress On The Far East

Washington, Aug. 17.

President Eisenhower in a report today to Congress on the Mutual Security Administration said victory was far from won in France's war against Communism in Indo-China.

But, he said, shipments of United States arms and equipment had been of major importance in improving the critical military situation there and denying Communist ambitions for control of all South-East Asia.

Additional emphasis was being placed on building up the national armies of the Associated States and in time the Indo-Chinese forces should be able to take over a larger share of the burden of protecting their fellow countrymen from Communist attack.

BRITANNIA'S UNSINKABLE LIFEBOATS

The new Royal yacht, Britannia, is to have lifeboats which will be made unsinkable by fireproofing.

Known as jolly-boats, the new craft will be 27ft. long and able to carry 27 people.

The Admiralty, announcing that two of the new-type boats are now being built at Poole, say they are fitted with an elaborate system of buoyancy tanks made of fibreglass plastic material.

The new jolly-boats may mean the passing for sea-rescue work of the 27ft. whaler, which has been the Navy's regulation pulling boat, and, to a lesser extent, the 32ft. sailing cutter.

The jolly-boats, which resemble a small Royal National Lifeboat Institution lifeboat, has a speed of seven knots.

It is powered with a diesel engine which can be started up while the boat is still in the davits.

Also in Britannia will be the 40ft. Royal Barge, two 35ft. Admiral's barges and two motor cutters.

A New Rayon Staple

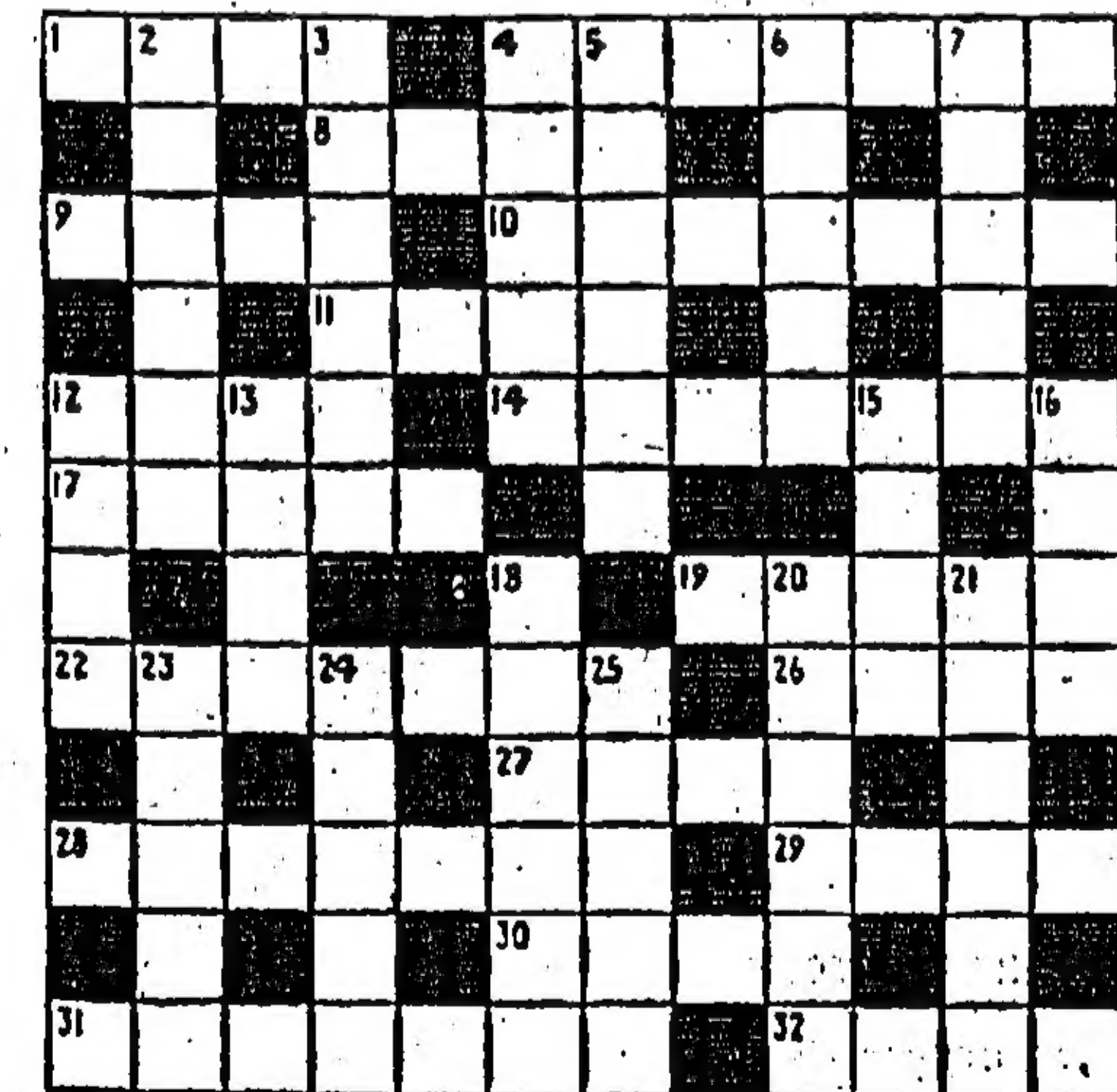
New York, Aug. 17.

The stronger rayon staple which American Viscose Corporation has had in the experimental stage for some time is nearing a point where limited commercial production may soon be started, according to trade sources in New York.

Production of the staple to date has been confined to pilot operations, it is understood. This type of staple is to be run in a commercial plant of the company this month.

The new rayon has a strength claimed to be 20 per cent greater than regular staple, but the dry state and 30 per cent greater than regular staple, wet.—China Mail Special.

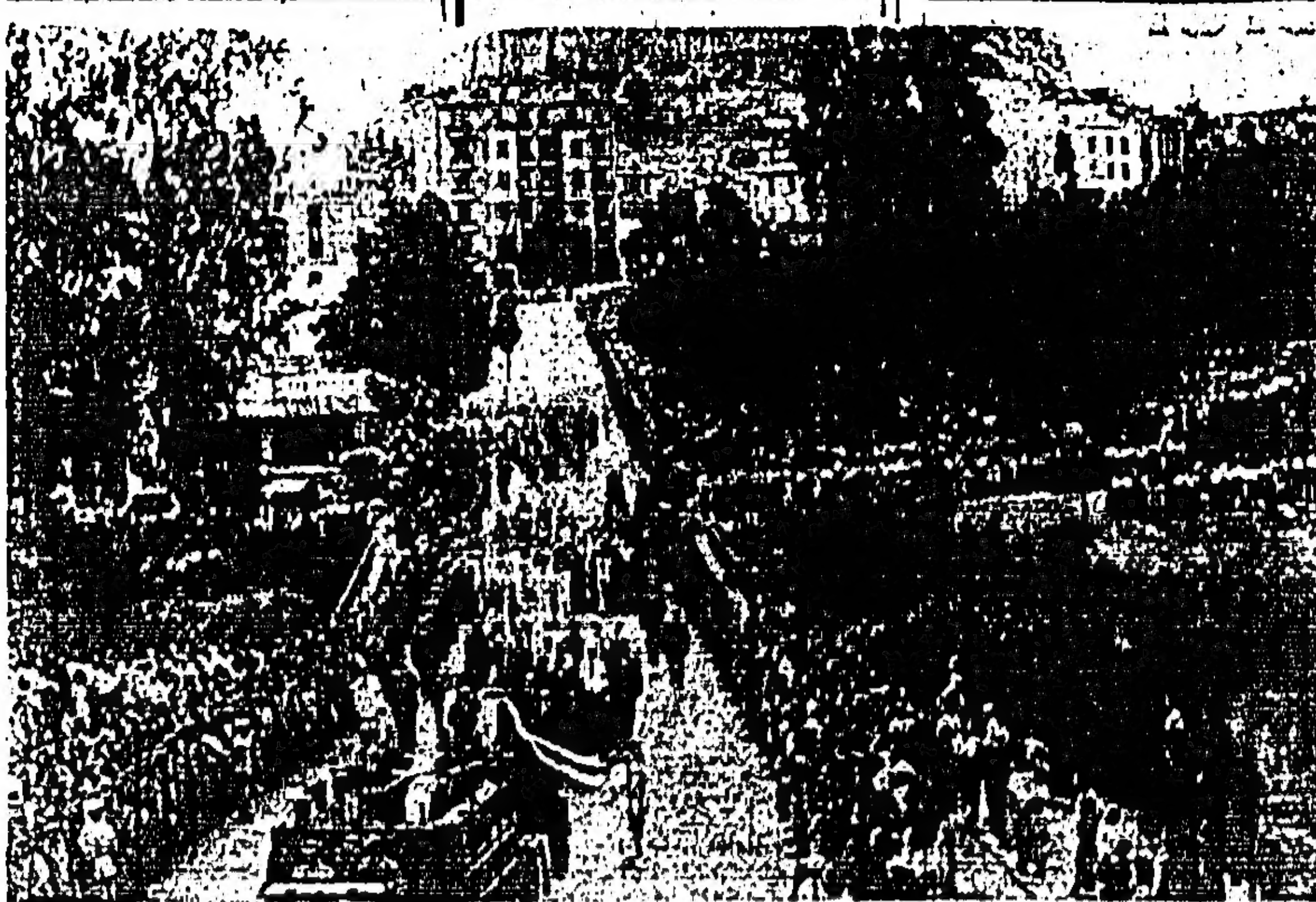
A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Galt (4).
 - Tied up (7).
 - Uncommon (4).
 - Indian coin (4).
 - Mean (7).
 - Cliffer (4).
 - Volume (4).
 - Oriental (7).
 - Divert (4).
 - Foundation (5).
 - Bag (7).
 - Despatched (4).
 - Frolic (4).
 - Perfect (7).
 - Object of worship (4).
 - Curb (4).
 - Venerable (7).
 - Expanded (4).
- DOWN**
- Buy back (6).
 - Trails (6).
 - Commerce (5).
 - Disposal (5).
 - Support (5).
 - Keen (5).
 - Unadorned (4).
 - Expel (4).
 - Resides (4).
 - Bird's home (4).
 - Abundance (6).
 - Requesting (6).
 - Chant (6).
 - Running/rioting (5).
 - Elevate (5).
 - Weeds (5).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD: Across—1 Desist, 5 Oiler, 8 Trump, 9 Paria, 10 Nibbed, 11 Rigid, 12 Eam, 13 Boast, 14 Robust, 15 Spares, 16 Dread, 17 Bala, 18 Tired, 19 Quota, 20 Fawcett, 21 Ethic, 22 Adore, 23 Toner, 24 Depleted, 25 Surplus, 26 Star, 27 Tractor, 28 Omnibus, 29 Spades, 30 Attained, 31 Trencher, 32 Radiate. Down—1 Benoit, 2 Patis, 3 Round, 4 Dice.

Makes Funeral Of A General



King Paul of Greece, members of the Cabinet and high military officials attended the State Funeral in Athens recently of General Mastiras. Here the impressive funeral procession is seen on the way to the cemetery.—Express Photo.

Edinburgh Music Festival May Set A New Mark

Edinburgh, Aug. 17.

A record number of visitors from Britain and many other parts of the world is expected to pour into Scotland's beautiful capital for the Seventh International Festival of Music and Drama which opens on August 23.

Every year, since the first Festival was held in 1947, has proved that this great artistic event is not only international in its programme, but also in its appeal. Records show that last year music and drama lovers came to Scotland from at least 55 countries.

The Edinburgh Festival can now be regarded as one of Britain's most popular carnivals.

In 1952, it is certain that more than 300,000 visitors stayed or were brought into Edinburgh during the three weeks of the Festival.

Of 59,185 visitors known to have stayed in hotels and boarding-houses for the purpose of attending the Festival, 14,403, or about one quarter, came from abroad. And 6,580 people, representing more than half the overseas contingent, came from the United States and Canada.

Heavy ticket orders now reported from the Festival Office in London show that the number of visitors from North America will be well maintained. Like last year, there has also been a great demand from Australia and New Zealand as well as other Commonwealth countries.

There were about 250,000 tickets valued at £124,000 to be sold when this year's booking opened on April 6.

By mid-July, sales to people in every part of the world, including the British Isles, had passed the £72,000 mark, an all-time record at that date.

NEW ELIOT PLAY
During the three weeks of the Festival, six orchestras, two chamber concert orchestras, two quartets, two trios, two choirs, one opera company, three ballet companies, four drama companies, a mime company and a batch of soloists and recitalists of international fame are to give 143 performances in three theatres and three halls.

The most important event will undoubtedly be the world premiere of the latest play by Britain's leading American-born poet-dramatist, Mr. T. S. Eliot, which is to take place at the Lyceum Theatre on August 25.

Entitled "The Confidential Clerk," it will be Mr. Eliot's fifth venture in the theatre and will break fresh ground in the kind of verse drama of which last play, "The Cocktail Party," launched at the 1949 Edinburgh Festival on a triumphant career in Britain and America, was an outstanding example.

Said to be lighter in tone than any of his previous dramatic works, "The Confidential Clerk" has been described as "a modern comedy of family relationships with unexpected twists full of ironic humour which provides plenty of food for thought for those who want to think out its implications, as well as laughter."

MINER'S HOT STARS
Another major theatrical event is Mr. Michael Bennett's new production of Shakespeare's "Hamlet" by the Old Vic Company which is coming for the Festival. Richard Burton, the 27-year-old son of a Welsh miner who is now one of Britain's theatre and film stars, will play the title role.

His Opheleia will be Clara Bloom, the lovely young British actress who was "Cherlie"

Chaplin's leading lady in the film "Limelight."

There has been great disappointment in the theatrical world following the recent announcement that because of illness, the famous French actress, Edwige Fenech, will be unable to appear with her company in "La Dame aux Camellias" as originally planned.

France will now be represented by Le Theatre National Populaire and La Compagnie de Mame de Marcel Marceau.

GLYNDEBOURNE OPERA
Opera will again be represented by the Glyndebourne Opera Company which will stage for the first time in Britain, Igor Stravinsky's "The Rake's Progress". The performance will be conducted by Chicago-born Alfred Wallenstein, Music Director of the Los Angeles Philharmonic Orchestra, who appeared at Glyndebourne for the first time earlier this year.

High spot of the musical events will be the return of the Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra to Edinburgh, which it last visited in 1947. It will give seven concerts, four of which will be conducted by Dr. Wilhelm Furtwangler and three by Professor Bruno Walter.

The other orchestras are the Symphony Orchestra of Rome under conductor, Fernando Proby, and Vittorio Gull, the B. B. C. Symphony Orchestra under Sir Malcolm Sargent, the Philharmonia Orchestra under Herbert von Karajan, the Scottish National Orchestra under Karl Rankin, and the National Youth Orchestra of Great Britain under Sir Adrian Boult.

Eminent violinists such as Yehudi Menuhin, Isaac Stern and Glorinda de Vito will take part in special concerts commemorating "Four Centuries of the Violin."

THE BALLET
On the ballet side, the Festival will boast an also truly international ballet season. During the first week, the American National Ballet Theatre, fresh from their appearance in London, make a welcome return to the Scottish capital.

For the second week, the Spanish Ballet of Pilar Lopez will come specially from Madrid and the last week will be given over to the Ballets de la Ville Theatre Ballet which will present "Carte Blanche," new ballet with choreography by Walter Gore.

The Edinburgh Film Festival, for which more than 280 films from 34 countries, including Russia, have already been entered, will again run concurrently with the main Festival.

The Champion

Saragosa, Aug. 7.
Valeriano Cardona Jimenez became champion beer-drinker of Saragosa by consuming seven and a half litres (12 and a half pints) of beer in an hour. He received a prize of 1,500 pesetas (£13 sterling).—China Mail Special.

Senator Urges Use Of Veto

Keeping Reds Out Of The U.N.

United Nations, Aug. 17.

Senator Alexander Wiley (Republican, Wisconsin) today urged the use of the United States' veto power to keep Communist China out of the United Nations Security Council.

However, he indicated that he opposed the proposal of Senator William Knowland (Republican, California) that the United States walk out of the United Nations if the Reds manage to get into the world organization.

Senator Wiley is a member of the American delegation to the special Assembly that convened today to set up the Far East "Korean peace" conference. He echoed general sentiment here when he said he did not expect the issue of Chinese membership to come up at the current session.

Noting arguments that the veto would not be applicable on the Chinese issue because it would simply be a procedural use of substituting one Chinese delegation for the Red for another (the Nationalist), Senator Wiley said: "I hope very much that our Government will take the position that it (the veto) is applicable."

He added that the issue might come to a head first in the General Assembly rather than in the Security Council. The veto does not apply in the 60-nation Assembly.

VERY SERIOUS
"With the General Assembly rapidly becoming in fact the principal organ of the United Nations," he continued, "it is important that the Communists do not win a seat in that body and our leadership should be exercised to prevent that from happening."

"To permit a revolutionary group such as the Mao government, which has been fighting the United Nations in Korea... to blast its way into the United Nations would be a very serious matter as far as the American public and the Congress of the United States are concerned."

He cautioned against a withdrawal from the United Nations.

He said: "The President, acting upon the advice of the Congress, could withdraw from the United Nations, but we must realize that if it ever became necessary for us to resort to such drastic action, it would undoubtedly mean the end of that organization and its serious setback for the cause of world peace."

"Now that is exactly what some governments want. They want to see the United Nations scrapped so they can return to the old system of alliances and politics. I am sure that the American people do not want to revert to a 'jungle' world, but will continue to work for a decent and lawful world through the United Nations."—United Press.

By contrast West German newspapers splashed the news prominently.

West Berlin's Social Democratic Montag Morgen said the Soviet note was a clever move—full of traps but also full of concessions.

"The Kremlin made a clever move. It leaves the Potsdam Agreement, makes concessions regarding all-German elections and replaces its former demand for talks between the East and West German Governments by a new one, the forming of a Provisional Government of the two."

Montag Morgen declared: "The Soviet note is full of traps. There should be the subject of negotiations. The Kremlin has poured a lot of water in its wine. The West must also be prepared to make concessions. If they make probable, free all-German elections within the shortest time."

West Berlin's evening Christian Democrat newspaper Der Kurier said the Soviet note was a bunch of flowers with thorns.

"Even if the note is designed to disturb the elections that are still no enough to dismiss it as an election stunt only."

There cannot be a simple 'No' to this note. Nor can it be answered by evasive manoeuvres. The concrete proposals call for discussion. They contain a moral obligation for mutual regulations."

Der Kurier said large circles might regard the Soviet note as a trap.

"But this time the very concrete proposals at least name the price Moscow wants to pay for the neutralisation of Germany."

"This price includes renunciation of German reparations, lessening of financial burdens, dispensation of post-war debts, a national defence army and a German armament industry."

"All this is designed to make Germany a 'swallowtail' that one rock—the Oder-Neisse border."

Another Christian Democrat evening newspaper, Der Abend, took a contrasting point of view. It said there was not much sense in going into the details of the note because its arguments had been used so often.—China Mail Special.

MISSION TO MOSCOW
Berlin, Aug. 17.

The East German Government decided today to send a delegation to Moscow to discuss the question of the unification of Germany.

The East German Cabinet announced that Premier Otto Grotewohl and Vice-Premiers Walter Ulbricht and Otto Nuschke would be members of the delegation to Moscow.

The delegation would contain 15 members in all.

Grotewohl said the Cabinet at today's special meeting that "all peace-loving Germans greet this new initiative of the Soviet Government with joy and gratitude," it was announced in a communique issued by the Premier's office.

Grotewohl went on to say that the latest Soviet note to the United States, Britain and France contained concrete proposals, making it possible to envisage satisfaction of the urgent and justified national demands of the German people in the immediate future.

The Premier said that the East German Cabinet would do all in its power to secure the prompt formation of a unified German government.

"URGENT NEED"
He told the Cabinet that in order to accomplish that goal, "an understanding between the representatives of East and West Germany is necessary and urgent."

The Cabinet unanimously agreed on the members of the delegation, it was announced, and then instructed the delegation to thank the Soviet Government for its invitation and for the assistance accorded to East Germany in all matters.

The Premier's office said that the delegation would be empowered to take up with the Soviet Government "any question concerning the development of relations between the German democratic government and the Soviet Union."

The announcement said that the delegation would also be able to discuss any question relating to the "German problem in general."

Among those to go with the delegation in addition to Grotewohl, Ulbricht and Nuschke would be Dr. Lothar Bolz, Vice-Premier and Minister of Construction, Dr. Hans Loch, Vice-Premier and Minister of Finance, Hans Rochelt, Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Conservation, Kurt Grewer, Minister of Foreign and Inter-German Trade, Rudolf Appel, chief of the East German diplomatic mission in Moscow, Peter Florin, attaché at the Foreign Ministry, Dr. Correns, Chairman of the National Council of the National Front of the Democratic German Republic, Herbert Warnke, Chairman of the Federation of Free German Trade Unions, Erich Hanacker, Chairman of the Central Council of Free German Youth, and others.—France Press.

VARYING REACTION TO RUSSIAN NOTE ON GERMANY

French Sceptical: Berlin Approves

London, Aug. 17.

Russia's surprise note proposing a German peace conference within the next six months met a guarded first reception in Europe today.

But as the Western Chancelleries got down to studying the note in detail two contrasting reactions became apparent.

In West Berlin, politicians and newspaper editorials representing widely differing political standpoints took up the view that the Soviet proposals could not be cast aside with a blunt rejection.

Social Democratic and Right-wing comment stressed that there was hope of investigating the offer as something new.

But in Paris and Rome the reception was not enthusiastic in unofficial circles. Sources close to the French Ministry underlined the fact that the note offered "little that was new."

Meanwhile in Paris, Bonn and Vienna, the Foreign Ministers declined to make any comment for the moment.

Sources close to the French Foreign Ministry said the Soviet Union was resuming its traditional policy against the Atlantic Pact and was using the same propaganda means, as always, with an eye on the German elections on September 6.

Diplomatic quarters in Paris believed the Soviet Union dreaded free all-German elections and they regarded the new note as a move to delay elections.

CONFUSING ISSUE
The Soviet Government, according to competent French sources, does not want free elections in Germany until certain "preconditions" are taken.

These include the co-existence of the Communist-run "German Democratic Republic" and the Federal Republic in Bonn as eventually a fusion of the two Governments into a common Provisional Government.

French observers here said it was only after the second phase that the Soviet Union envisaged free elections.

The Soviet Union was seen here as preferring now to allow the West German Government, which it had severely attacked, to take part in a joint Government, if this move could delay elections.

The Soviet conditions were viewed in the French capital as unacceptable to the West. It was said they would only confuse the issue.

FRENCH FEAR
It was feared that some West German quarters might be tempted to think that merely by sitting down at a table with the East Germans unification could be achieved.

French sources were also concerned at the Soviet Union's reference to the need to call for the participation of so-called "Democratic organisations."

On reparations, French observers said that since the Russians proposed to retain five per cent of the payments it would appear that they had no immediate intention of evacuating Germany.

Italian newspapers made no comment on the Soviet note and their headlines reflected the caution with which it was greeted.

The Christian Democrat newspaper Il Popolo carried the story on its back page. Only the Communist organ Unità was enthusiastic.

CLEVER MOVE
By contrast West German newspapers splashed the news prominently.

West Berlin's Social Democratic Montag Morgen said the Soviet note was a clever move—full of traps but also full of concessions.

"The Kremlin made a clever move. It leaves the Potsdam Agreement, makes concessions regarding all-German elections and replaces its former demand for talks between the East and West German Governments by a new one, the forming of a Provisional Government of the two."

Montag Morgen declared: "The Soviet note is full of traps. There should be the subject of negotiations. The Kremlin has poured a lot of water in its wine. The West must also be prepared to make concessions. If they make probable, free all-German elections within the shortest time."

West Berlin's evening Christian Democrat newspaper Der Kurier said the Soviet note was a bunch of flowers with thorns.

"Even if the note is designed to disturb the elections that are still no enough to dismiss it as an election stunt only."

There cannot be a simple 'No' to this note. Nor can it be answered by evasive manoeuvres. The concrete proposals call for discussion. They contain a moral obligation for mutual regulations."

Der Kurier said large circles might regard the Soviet note as a trap.

"But this time the very concrete proposals at least name the price Moscow wants to pay for the neutralisation of Germany."

"This price includes renunciation of German reparations, lessening of financial burdens, dispensation of post-war debts, a national defence army and a German armament industry."

"All this is designed to make Germany a 'swallowtail' that one rock—the Oder-Neisse border."

Another Christian Democrat evening newspaper, Der Abend, took a contrasting point of view. It said there was not much sense in going into the details of the note because its arguments had been used so often.—China Mail Special.

MISSION TO MOSCOW
Berlin, Aug. 17.

The East German Government decided today to send a delegation to Moscow to discuss the question of the unification of Germany.

The East German Cabinet announced that Premier Otto Grotewohl and Vice-Premiers Walter Ulbricht and Otto Nuschke would be members of the delegation to Moscow.

The delegation would contain 15 members in all.

Central Africa's First Governor General

By Yorke Hendersen

TO a sixty-year-old Dorset bachelor has been accorded the honour of being first Governor-General of the new Central African Federation.

The job will be no sinecure. The eyes of the entire Commonwealth will be watching Central Africa and the man at its head.

But to old-Etonian Lord Llewellyn, the job is a challenge—a challenge he will enjoy meeting.

For John J. Llewellyn, 1st Baron, is no fair weather pilot.

Since he emerged from political obscurity before the last war, he has been

hounded one tough assignment after another. His first, as Civil Lord of the Admiralty, was

overshadowed in the late thirties by lowering war clouds. He was a key member of the team which had to get a pitifully under-estimated navy

into shape for the war everyone knew must come.

Not the least wearing aspect of an already hard job was the incessant barrage from the Right Honourable Member for Epping

who had his own sturdily independent views about the Navy's state of preparedness and could speak from personal experience. His name: Winston Churchill.

When the war clouds did break, Colonel J.J. Llewellyn was Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Supply. A job he worked at enthusiastically throughout the months of the "phony war" when people really believed that "the boys will be home by Christmas."

Then came the crash. And, as broken British battalions fought their way back to the

Dunkirk beaches, Colonel Llewellyn, regarded as one of the Government's most effective younger members, was switched into the Ministry of Aircraft Production.

Throughout the fateful summer of the Battle of Britain into the dark winter of blitzes that followed and beyond, he stayed the pace with his exacting boss, Lord Beaverbrook.

By the time they both left the Ministry in the summer of 1941 British air power was beginning to hit back and made itself felt.

Lord Beaverbrook went on to become Minister of State and Colonel Llewellyn into another top-pressure post, Parliamentary Secretary to the vital Ministry of War Transport.

By 1942 he was still a junior. But, as a Parliamentary Secretary of a key member of the Cabinet, much depended on his executive ability. His work had not passed unnoticed by his

pre-war critics. The Right Honourable Member for Epping, and in June of 1942 he was given a year salary increase and the Presidency of the Board of Trade.

He held that post for what must be a short-term record. Three weeks after taking up his appointment he was transferred back to one of his old Ministries, Aircraft Production.

But this time he was the head man. Nine months later the Prime Minister sent for him to tell him he had been chosen for a new and vital post, Minister in the Ministry of Supply. His

Washington job would be to co-ordinate British and American war production and arrange for the allocation of supplies to the various theatres of war.

With the tireless, quiet efficiency which by this time had become his hallmark, he saw the new organisation through its teething troubles and working smoothly before, a year later, the final wartime call on his versatility was made.

In November of 1943 he returned from America to take over from Lord Woolton the unenviable job of wartime Minister of Food. He held the post until the end of the war and his elevation to the peerage.

But, testing as all his jobs have been, Lord Llewellyn seems to have thrived on difficulty.

The quiet-voiced, sandy-haired man refused to be overawed by sheer bulk of work and even under heavy pressure could find time for outside activities. While he was Civil Lord of the Admiralty he also commanded a Territorial

Artillery unit and he still is President of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents.

He started his career as a barrister and to all problems

he still brings the cool-minded, unfurled, approach of the lawyer. But it is an approach tinged with almost schoolboyish humour.

He might have been a surgeon—on is one of his new colleagues Sir Godfrey Huggins, Prime Minister of Southern Rhodesia—but, as he admits a nose too fastidious for dissecting rooms put paid to that.

His status as a bachelor is providing a talking point for the socially-conscious. Who they want to know, will be his hostess in Africa? In his Dorset home he lives with his sister, the Mayoress of Poole, but she will not be travelling to Africa with him.

Another poser is where Lord Llewellyn will stay during his first few months of office. For, until the first Federal Parliament decides the site of the permanent capital, no official residence can be built for him.

By 1942 he was still a junior. But, as a Parliamentary Secretary of a key member of the Cabinet, much depended on his executive ability. His work had not passed unnoticed by his

pre-war critics. The Right Honourable Member for Epping, and in June of 1942 he was given a year salary increase and the Presidency of the Board of Trade.

He held that post for what must be a short-term record. Three weeks after taking up his appointment he was transferred back to one of his old Ministries, Aircraft Production.

But this time he was the head man. Nine months later the Prime Minister sent for him to tell him he had been chosen for a new and vital post, Minister in the Ministry of Supply. His

Washington job would be to co-ordinate British and American war production and arrange for the allocation of supplies to the various theatres of war.

With the tireless, quiet efficiency which by this time had become his hallmark, he saw the new organisation through its teething troubles and working smoothly before, a year later, the final wartime call on his versatility was made.

In November of 1943 he returned from America to take over from Lord Woolton the unenviable job of wartime Minister of Food. He held the post until the end of the war and his elevation to the peerage.

But, testing as all his jobs have been, Lord Llewellyn seems to have thrived on difficulty.

The quiet-voiced, sandy-haired man refused to be overawed by sheer bulk of work and even under heavy pressure could find time for outside activities. While he was Civil Lord of the Admiralty he also commanded a Territorial

Artillery unit and he still is President of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents.

He started his career as a barrister and to all problems



LORD LLEWELLYN

By 1942 he was still a junior. But, as a Parliamentary Secretary of a key member of the Cabinet, much depended on his executive ability. His work had not passed unnoticed by his

pre-war critics. The Right Honourable Member for Epping, and in June of 1942 he was given a year salary increase and the Presidency of the Board of Trade.

He held that post for what must be a short-term record. Three weeks after taking up his appointment he was transferred back to one of his old Ministries, Aircraft Production.

But this time he was the head man. Nine months later the Prime Minister sent for him to tell him he had been chosen for a new and vital post, Minister in the Ministry of Supply. His

Washington job would be to co-ordinate British and American war production and arrange for the allocation of supplies to the various theatres of war.

With the tireless, quiet efficiency which by this time had become his hallmark, he saw the new organisation through its teething troubles and working smoothly before, a year later, the final wartime call on his versatility was made.

In November of 1943 he returned from America to take over from Lord Woolton the unenviable job of wartime Minister of Food. He held the post until the end of the war and his elevation to the peerage.

But, testing as all his jobs have been, Lord Llewellyn seems to have thrived on difficulty.

The quiet-voiced, sandy-haired man refused to be overawed by sheer bulk of work and even under heavy pressure could find time for outside activities. While he was Civil Lord of the Admiralty he also commanded a Territorial

Artillery unit and he still is President of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents.

He started his career as a barrister and to all problems

he still brings the cool-minded, unfurled, approach of the lawyer. But it is an approach tinged with almost schoolboyish humour.

He might have been a surgeon—on is one of his new colleagues Sir Godfrey Huggins, Prime Minister of Southern Rhodesia—but, as he admits a nose too fastidious for dissecting rooms put paid to that.

His status as a bachelor is providing a talking point for the socially-conscious. Who they want to know, will be his hostess in Africa? In his Dorset home he lives with his sister, the Mayoress of Poole, but she will not be travelling to Africa with him.

Another poser is where Lord Llewellyn will stay during his first few months of office. For, until the first Federal Parliament decides the site of the permanent capital, no official residence can be built for him.

By 1942 he was still a junior. But, as a Parliamentary Secretary of a key member of the Cabinet, much depended on his executive ability. His work had not passed unnoticed by his

pre-war critics. The Right Honourable Member for Epping, and in June of 1942 he was given a year salary increase and the Presidency of the Board of Trade.

He held that post for what must be a short-term record. Three weeks after taking up his appointment he was transferred back to one of his old Ministries, Aircraft Production.

But this time he was the head man. Nine months later the Prime Minister sent for him to tell him he had been chosen for a new and vital post, Minister in the Ministry of Supply. His

Washington job would be to co-ordinate British and American war production and arrange for the allocation of supplies to the various theatres of war.

With the tireless, quiet efficiency which by this time had become his hallmark, he saw the new organisation through its teething troubles and working smoothly before, a year later, the final wartime call on his versatility was made.

In November of 1943 he returned from America to take over from Lord Woolton the unenviable job of wartime Minister of Food. He held the post until the end of the war and his elevation to the peerage.

But, testing as all his jobs have been, Lord Llewellyn seems to have thrived on difficulty.

The quiet-voiced, sandy-haired man refused to be overawed by sheer bulk of work and even under heavy pressure could find time for outside activities. While he was Civil Lord of the Admiralty he also commanded a Territorial

Artillery unit and he still is President of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents.

He started his career as a barrister and to all problems

he still brings the cool-minded, unfurled, approach of the lawyer. But it is an approach tinged with almost schoolboyish humour.

He might have been a surgeon—on is one of his new colleagues Sir Godfrey Huggins, Prime Minister of Southern Rhodesia—but, as he admits a nose too fastidious for dissecting rooms put paid to that.

His status as a bachelor is providing a talking point for the socially-conscious. Who they want to know, will be his hostess in Africa? In his Dorset home he lives with his sister, the Mayoress of Poole, but she will not be travelling to Africa with him.

Another poser is where Lord Llewellyn will stay during his first few months of office. For, until the first Federal Parliament decides the site of the permanent capital, no official residence can be built for him.

By 1942 he was still a junior. But, as a Parliamentary Secretary of a key member of the Cabinet, much depended on his executive ability. His work had not passed unnoticed by his



TAKE COVER! NEW AMERICAN ATROCITY! STOMACHIC BOMB!

World Copyright by arrangement with the Manchester Guardian.

THIS GHASTLY AFFAIR MUST NOT BE HUSHED UP

THERE is a file at the Foreign Office about whose existence the British public remains only dimly aware and the British Government obstinately silent.

The file 'stays' closed, despite questions in Parliament about it. But now the book, "Calling North Pole," that first told the story of how the Germans hoodwinked Britain has been published in America. It is receiving very prominent attention.

Across the North Sea the Dutch still talk of England as "the English game." The Germans call it Nordpolen, after a wartime codeword. These names are shameful to Britain. It is time the British people knew how they came to be bestowed. The file should be reopened.

Code name

In Amsterdam and elsewhere I have talked with men who know much of its contents from personal experience. One of them is Pieter Dourlein, who escaped from occupied Holland by motor-boat in 1941.

Dourlein made his way to Prince Bernhard's office in London, and applied to be trained as a Fleet Air Arm pilot. But his superiors had other ideas for him. And no wonder. Intelligent, quick-witted, steady, strong without being burly, tough without being aggressive, Dourlein, of the Royal Netherlands Navy, was the type of man who forms the backbone of any fighting service.

"Will you return to Holland by parachute as an agent of the British Secret Service?" he was asked. Dourlein agreed.

As the plane dived over the sea, he nerved himself to deal with whatever might lie ahead. Fortunately for his peace of mind, there were things he did not know.

As he touched ground, two men, flashing torchlight, came towards him. He hid in the bushes until he heard them call out "P.O.L." This was the code name given to the drop.

Reassured, he left his cover and went to meet them, as did his two companions. Others then appeared. It was an affable meeting.

No joke

THE dropped men, relieved to be among friends, chatted gaily. Then suddenly Dourlein's new friends seized his arms and snapped handcuffs over his wrists. Thinking that his composure was being tested, he replied calmly: "I don't think much of these jokes."

"It is no joke," he was told. "We are Dutch Nazis, and you are a prisoner of the Gestapo. Soon afterwards, Dourlein was in a prison cell at Haarlem, one hand bound to his chair, undergoing prolonged interrogation day and night, with little sleep.

He tried to feed his captors with false information. It was useless. They knew far more about the London set-up than he did.

He recognised as fellow-captives in the prison Dutch agents he had seen at London, in a training camp at Reading, and while, of course, near Manchester and in Scotland.

Colonel Somers, head of B.I., the Dutch Intelligence Service, told me when I saw him at Hilversum that he too had given S.O.E. the most emphatic warning that the Germans had penetrated its organisation.

I HAVE BEEN GOING BACK TO THE ROOTS OF A SHOCKING STORY SO FAR TOO LIGHTLY BRUSHED ASIDE WHICH IS DOING BRITAIN NO GOOD

By A.K. CHESTERTON

That something was gravely wrong with the Special Operations Executive service was apparent, but he did not learn until later that for 18 months the British S.O.E. thought it was in contact with the Dutch Resistance Movement when really it was dealing with the astute Colonel Giskes and his able lieutenant, Herr Huntermann, both of the German counter-espionage service.

No fewer than 50 agents were dropped into the arms of the Nazis.

The enemy also collected half a million rounds of ammunition, thousands of pounds of explosives, Sten guns, Bren guns, revolvers, radar equipment, radio sets, clothing, and more or less everything the Germans cared to request.

Moreover, through control of radio communication with London—at one time they operated no fewer than 10 "lines"—the Germans were able to burst into the Dutch Resistance Movement and arrest its members by the thousand.

Englandspiel began when the Germans captured an S.O.E. agent named Lauwers, now a dental surgeon in Utrecht. Lauwers, obedient to the orders he had received in London, consented to work his radio on German instructions but withheld his identity check, which consisted of a mistake at every 18th letter of his message. This would inform London that he was not a free agent, and would enable the British Secret Service, through him, to mislead German Intelligence.

Warnings

BUT London refused to be warned. Arrangements were made with him—that is, with the Germans—for further agents to be dropped. These agents, in turn, were captured and their radio sets "played back" by the Germans.

In desperation, Lauwers managed three times in one message to embody the word "caught." To no purpose. The Englandspiel fiasco went on.

Fortunately for Lauwers, when he eventually staggered out of Oranienburg concentration camp, he was interviewed by Major Klaus de Graaf, O.B.E., an alert Intelligence officer who flew the same day to London and examined the actual messages which Lauwers had transmitted. They confirmed his story.

Confronted with this evidence the British officers made no attempt to deny that Lauwers had withheld his identity check, but said they had overriding reasons for their belief that his messages and other agents sent were genuine. All other "agents" were German operators.

There were other warnings. Dourlein, in the early days of his imprisonment, smuggled out a message giving the alarm. It reached London. No notice was taken.

On the reverse type of diet—containing little fat but much starchy food—weight was lost slowly.

All fat people must cut down on their food—the total number of "calories" per day—before they can lose weight. But these experiments prove that calorie-cutting alone will not always do the trick.

The proportions of foods in a slimming diet—the proteins,

Colonel Giskes, with whom I talked recently in Hamburg, informed me—and I believe him—that he had an aversion to deceiving ardent young patriots into Holland only to suffer death at the hands of the Gestapo. He secured from the head of the counter-espionage special branch a written statement that the captives would not be killed.

Agents in Haarlem prison were duly assured that they need have no fear of execution. One man, however, was not convinced—Pieter Dourlein. He made the wisest decision of his life—to escape.

The 40 Dutch agents at Haarlem months later were transferred to the notorious Mauthausen camp, where they were massacred in the most brutal fashion.

The answer

LONG before then, Dourlein and Johannes Ubink had made their escape from Haarlem one night by forcing the iron-barred windows of a washroom and climbing down a rope made from strips of their mattresses. They were helped over the barbed wire by a providential thunderstorm, which drove the sentries into their boxes.

Often hungry and exhausted by privation, surviving inmates embarking now escaped, the pair contrived to travel by way of Antwerp, Switzerland, and occupied France to Madrid.

In response to London's urgent orders, they were smuggled

out of the country in a British freighter, and flown from Gibraltar to England.

Dourlein, anxious to make contact with his superiors in S.O.E., wished to set off at once for London, but was taken instead to an armed camp at Guildford. To his horror, he realised that he was under barely concealed arrest.

When he did reach London, it was not to report to his own chiefs but to be interrogated by an Intelligence officer who was less interested in Englandspiel than in Dourlein.

Having suffered incredible hardship, including the crossing on foot of the Alps and the Pyrenees, and having run appalling dangers for the Allied cause, he was now committed by the British authorities to Brixton Prison.

After he had been kept in captivity for over four months, Dourlein was released on the urgent representations of the Netherlands authorities in England.

He entered the Fleet Air Arm as an air-gunner in a Dutch squadron.

Why was he thus treated on his arrival in England?

I put this question, out of curiosity, to Colonel Giskes.

"Of course," he replied, "as soon as we heard of the escape from Haarlem we radioed to London that the men were German agents, who would probably try to make their way to England."

Dourlein's attitude is similar: "The main purpose was perhaps to take no chances with us until after D Day."

There are two views in Holland about Englandspiel. The first holds that there was treason in London. No proof has been produced in support of this charge, which must therefore be dismissed.

The second—and by far the most widespread—view is that S.O.E. was guilty of sustained and fantastic negligence.

"Yes," said Dourlein to me, in Amsterdam: "Gross negligence, seems the only explanation."

"Yes," said Lauwers. "Our instructors in Britain were first-rate, but the executives were not up to their jobs. However, when a general makes a mistake which costs thousands of lives, little is said of it, and that is how we must regard Englandspiel."

The Dutch people, who feel strongly about the tragic business, are not anti-British. They are passionately pro-British.

Rewarded

QUEEN JULIANA has rehabilitated Lauwers, and redeemed from dishonour by the posthumous award of the Bronze War Cross the memories of the 40 brave men gone to death in Germany.

Dourlein and his companion, Ubink, have been rewarded with the highest order of knighthood in the power of their sovereign to bestow.

British decorations, especially for Dourlein, would also be fitting.

But best of all would be a thorough inquiry into the whole ghastly affair.

Fastest way to slim is plenty of fat!



news-in-science column

THE quickest way for a fat person to get slim is to go on a diet with plenty of fat in it.

That is the surprising claim of London doctors who are trying to find out exactly how reducing diets work.

Professor Alan Kekwick and Dr G. L. S. Pawan gave different kinds of slimming diets to overweight patients at the Middlessex Hospital.

They found that a diet rich in fats (like butter and cream) but containing hardly any starchy food (such as bread and potatoes) brought about the most rapid weight-loss.

On the reverse type of diet—containing little fat but much starchy food—weight was lost slowly.

All fat people must cut down on their food—the total number of "calories" per day—before they can lose weight. But these experiments prove that calorie-cutting alone will not always do the trick.

The proportions of foods in a slimming diet—the proteins,

fats, and carbohydrates—may be even more important than the total bulk.

Some of the patients who cut their daily calorie-intake from the average of 2,200 to about 1,500 did not lose weight at all.

NOTE—Fat-rich diets should be tried only under medical supervision as they can cause unpleasant symptoms in some people.

MARKING THE SPOT

★ FLUORESCENT paints, which make posters more conspicuous, are being tested as a possible means of saving the lives of fliers who have come down in the sea.

RAF scientists have devised a large floating mat covered with red fluorescent paint. Trained from a dinghy, it might increase a survivor's chances of being spotted by a passing aircraft, especially in moonlight.

PATIENT A BULL

★ A PRIZE BULL "crippled" with arthritis has been successfully treated with cortisone, the anti-rheumatism drug.

The bull, a Shorthorn at the Cambridge Artificial Insemination Centre, had been given almost every other kind of treatment, but was getting progressively worse.

After ten daily injections of cortisone it could walk normally.

ly. The symptoms return when treatment stopped.

Veterinary surgeons M. R. Lawson and L. E. Rowson, who treated the animal, did not have enough of the expensive drug to go on giving it a regular dose.

So the first bull to get cortisone treatment for its rheumatism is now beef.

HERE'S HISTORY

★ AN OPERATION which made medical history was carried out at Guy's Hospital, London, a few days ago.

The blood-flow through a patient's heart was completely stopped for many minutes while surgeon Russell Brock operated on the valves inside it.

This could be safely done because the patient's body-temperature had been deliberately lowered from its normal level of 98 degrees Fahrenheit to only 73 degrees.

This "refrigeration" to enable surgeons to perform bloodless operations was pioneered by French doctors. David Ross, a young Guy's surgeon, has improved on their methods.

The Frenchmen lower the body temperature by wrapping patients in rubber tubes filled with ice-water. In the British method blood is withdrawn from the patient, cooled, and pumped back.

Hollywood's gravy train comes to a sudden halt

By DAVID LEWIN

LONDON. It was a wonderful honey-moon away from the worries of income tax. It was fun while it lasted for the Hollywood stars who found that travel not only broadened the mind but improved the bank balance. They could just stay away from America, work overseas, and keep every cent they earned. No tax to pay at all. That was the law.

Now it is over. The long trail is winding back home to Hollywood. It all started in December 1951. Then the U.S. Congress passed a new law which said that any American who spent 17 months out of 18 away from the U.S. would be exempt paying American income tax during that time.

The law was intended to encourage American oil workers and key defence men to leave home and toil in not very appealing places like Alaska or the Middle and Far East.

Capital gain

BUT in Hollywood the smart accountants and lawyers soon realised how the tax-free offer could benefit their clients too.

"Go to Europe," they said, "and make pictures there. Your salaries will be paid in dollars here in America and you will have it all—without any deductions when you get back home. What a capital gain!"

Studios with frozen funds here—money which they cannot send back to Hollywood—happily agreed to put stars in pictures in British studios.

Now Congress has changed its mind. The tax-free gravy train has come to a halt.

In future any American who stays away from home for 17 months at a time will be permitted to keep up to £7,000 tax-free. But the tax collector will deal with the remainder in the usual way.

Among most of the Hollywood colony in London today there are long and anxious faces. Gregory Peck has been working his passage through the studios of London and Germany. Errol Flynn came to England and then went on to Italy to film.

Colonel UP and Mr. DOWN...by Walter

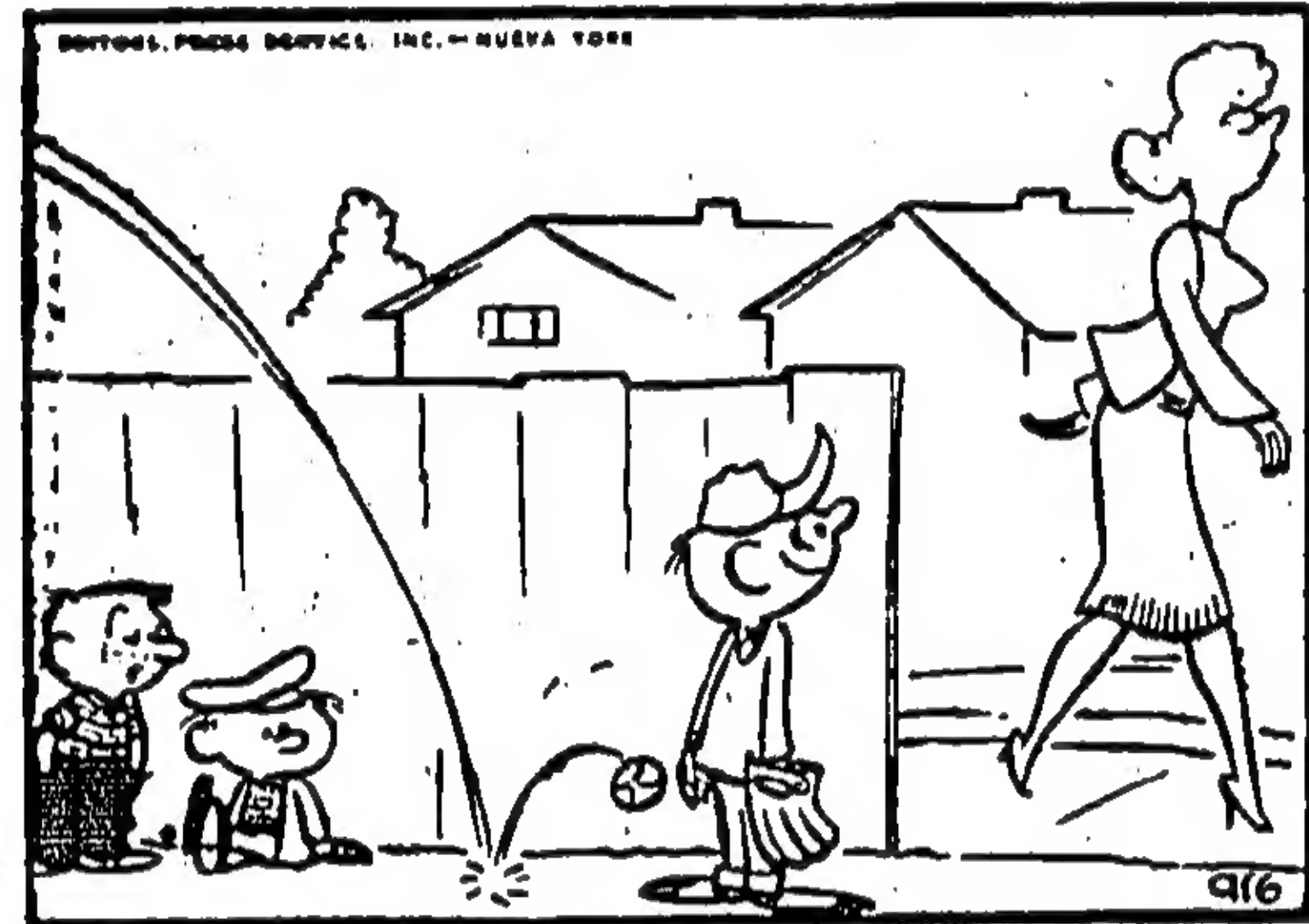
• BY • THE • WAY •
by Beachcomber

BECAUSE a cycling club included a foreign rider in its team, its opponents retaliated by using the services of a Yogi, who at once presented each rider with an envelope containing charcoal.

This proves, if proof were needed, in addition to the fact that the Yogi offers to lie down on a bed of spikes and allow someone to smash a 500-lb. lump of granite placed on his chest. Whether the acceptance of the charcoal will make the riders professional is a matter for a committee to settle. As for the Yogi, a spokesman in touch with the spokes of all the cycles, said: "Only a professional would lie on spikes with a lump of granite on his chest during a 'speedway' match." A spokesman in touch with the spokes refused to comment.

The Undarkened Star (III)

HARDLY had Daphne gone, when June, Garth's fourth wife, was shown in. "Champagne," she cried, "flow well brought up all you wives," said Garth, with a sophisticated smile. "I met Daphne going out," she said. "I suppose you're going to marry her again? Well, I'm married," replied Garth. "You married?" June smiled. "Since when she asked, 'did a little thing like that hold you up? You were married when you met me."



"I'm afraid Arthur's getting too old to play the outfield."

YOUR BIRTHDAY... By STELLA

TUESDAY AUGUST 18

If you are born today, you have a profound and keen mind. But you are lacking somewhat in the aggressive qualities which will give you into prominence early in life. You must learn that in a highly competitive world, you will not get things happen—not wait for miracles. Fond of music, you have some talent yourself, but you will probably use it as a vocation. You would be good at all kinds of contact and personal work. You are sympathetic to their problems. However you must guard against being imposed upon.

WEDNESDAY AUGUST 19

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—A progressive day. Your natural leadership is favored. Tackle some worthy objective. Intuitions are a good guide.

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 22)—Some secret concern may bring excellent results. Be sure the idea you have is sound. Business prospects may be good for your interest. Make progress.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—There are favorable aspects for your success in some important endeavor if you put forth the necessary effort now.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—Exert your natural leadership now and see that all projects are properly examined and tested.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20)—A good merchandising day. A friendship may surprise you by turning into a real romance.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—You can further your career if you work things out intelligently. Accept help from individual friends.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 21)—Guard against letting impulse guide your actions. Today call for second wisdom and careful planning.

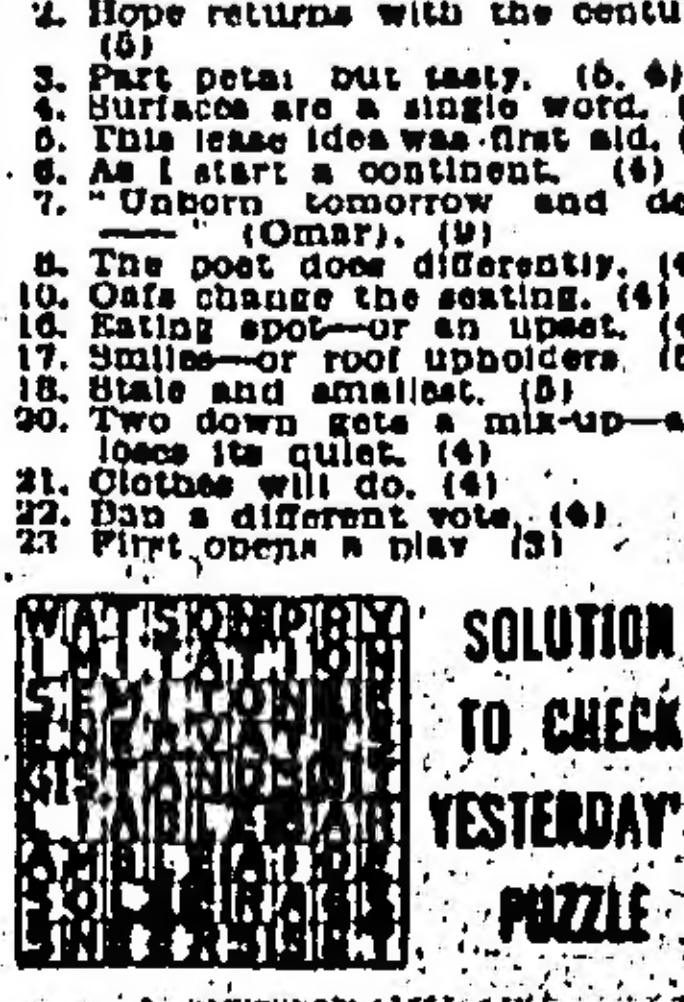
ARIES (Mar. 22-Apr. 20)—Matters pertaining to partnership, either domestic or business, should receive your careful attention.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—Keep your relations with others pleasant. Be tactful. Make concessions if you must, this evening.

GEMINI (May 22-June 22)—Employment, especially in the mechanical trades, shows an improved aspect just now.

CANCER (June 23-July 23)—Research matters should receive careful attention.

DUMB BELLS

• JACOBY •
ON BRIDGEHere's Example Of
Good Playing

By OSWALD JACOBY

WHEN the Canadian-American Tournament starts in Rochester, N. Y., a host of experts from both countries will be on hand.

Today's hand shows "Shorty" Sheardown, one of Canada's best bridge players, at his very best in a recent Canadian-American Tournament. The East-West bidding is almost incredible. It must be admitted, but Sheardown certainly took full advantage of the opportunity given to him.

West opened the seven of clubs, and dummy won with the ace. Sheardown, playing the South hand, suspected that East might hold all five of the missing trumps, but decided to find out by leading the queen of hearts from dummy. This held the trick, and declarer felt a

NORTH		20
♠	7 3	
♥	10 4 2	
♦	A J	
♣	A K Q J	
WEST		
♠	A 10 9 6 2	
♥	8	
♦	10 9 8 3	
♣	7 6	
EAST		
♠	8 4	
♥	K 8 7 6	
♦	7	
♣	10 8 5 4 3 2	
SOUTH (D)		
♠	K Q	
♥	A 7 5 3	
♦	K 6 5 4 2	
♣	9	
North-South vul.		
South	West	North
1	1	2
2	1	2
Pass	Pass	Pass
Opening lead—♠ 7		

bit relieved to discover that West followed suit.

South continued by leading a low trump from dummy, finessing the jack from his hand. West discarded a spade, and it was now clear (as declarer had suspected) that East was sure to get a trump trick.

The contract was not in the slightest danger, so Sheardown looked for a way to win an overtrick or two. After some thought, he rejected the idea of discarding all of his spades on dummy's high clubs. Instead, he led his low spade from his hand toward dummy's jack.

West didn't suspect that South was leading away from both the king and queen of spades. Hence he played low, exactly as Sheardown had expected, and dummy's jack won the trick.

Having stolen one spade trick, declarer could afford to discard the rest of his spades on high clubs, and then he continued with dummy's last club in order to discard a diamond.

Declarer continued by ruffing one of dummy's low spades, led a diamond from his hand in order to finesse dummy's jack, and then laid down dummy's ace of diamonds.

East ruffed, as expected, but now had only the king of trump and two clubs left in his hand. If he led the trump, South could win with the ace, cash the king of diamonds, and ruff his last diamond in dummy.

If East returned a club, South could discard a diamond and let dummy ruff it at once; and dummy could return a trump to South's ace, after which South would take the last trick with the king of diamonds. In either case, South was sure of two overtricks and a top score.

Q—With North-South vulnerable, the bidding has been:

West North East South

3 Dms. Double Pass ?

You, South, hold: Spades J-9-7-3, Hearts 8-5-2, Diamonds 8-3-2, Clubs 8-5-4. What do you do?

A—Pass. This is a choice of evils. If your partner has a minimum, a takeout double, you are in trouble, whether you bid or pass; and the pass is probably the lesser evil. If your partner has better than a minimum, you may defeat three diamonds and still be unable to make any contract of your own.

Answer Tomorrow

WHAT'S HIS LINE?
PETER STOREY
Re-arrange the letters to spell his occupation.

(Solution on Page 10)

★ ★ WOMANSENSE ★ ★

FRINGES ARE BACK
If you have a genuine face and a turned-up nose this COULD be for you

BALENCIAGA, Paris, a futuristic designer, who is usually a year ahead of the fashion trend, fell back on the past. He ignored Dior's thrust for shorter skirts and kept to last year's hem line.

Nevertheless, some ideas Balenciaga showed recently will probably influence mass production in America and London one year from now.

The bloused back and the waistline dipping behind were two indications by this brilliant designer of Spanish extraction.

Two neckline ideas were the small, high cowl collar for daytime and for evening the boat-neck that works like a Venetian blind and slides up or down on slotted shoulder straps either to cover or leave the shoulders bare.

SCHAPARELLI produced many amusing novelties in her collection—hand-knitted wool sports jackets; Tibetan toques in Astrakhan and beaver topped with red roses; Roman helmets of black and white threads and enormous gold chain-mail collars and necklaces.

The hem line was the 1952 length.

WORLD COPYRIGHT RESERVED

SOME TASTE-TEMPERING

"EXTRAS"

By ALICE DENHOFF

RELISHES and tidbits that add zest to meals is our project today.

For a little extra with a company air, fold one c. mayonnaise into one stiffly beaten egg white, gently but thoroughly. Pile on canape crackers and toast under broiler for one minute, or until delicately browned and puffed. These go nicely with an appetizer or plain soup.

Cider Relish

To make an excellent relish, dissolve one package orange or lemon-flavored gelatin in one pint boiling cider; add scant 1/4 tsp. salt. Pour into mould. Chill until firm. Unmould. Serve 6.

Perk up baked ham with something different and delicious. Dissolve one package lemon-flavored gelatin in one pint boiling water. Add 12 cloves and 1/2 tsp. salt. When gelatin begins to thicken, remove the cloves and add 1/4 c. prepared horseradish. Turn into 12 individual moulds. Slice them half-half. Chill until firm. Unmould.

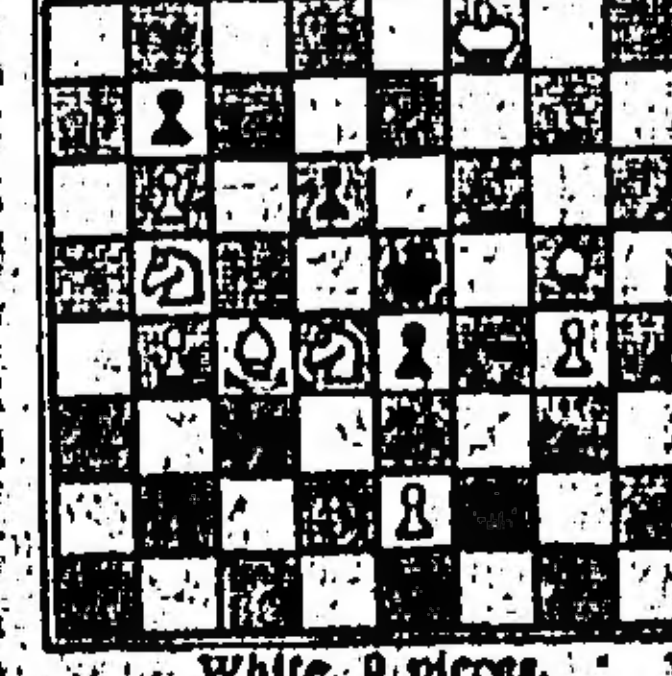
Apple Garnish

To dress up pork roast, chops or sauteages, slice 4 red apples crosswise into 1/4-inch slices. Remove cores. Cook gently in syrup made of 2 c. sugar, 1 1/2 c. water, 1/2 c. vinegar, 10 whole

CHESS PROBLEM

By H. HEILBUT.

Black, 4 pieces.



White to play, mate in three. Solution to yesterday's problem: 1. KQ-Q4, any; 2. B-Q3, or B-Q4.

THE PARIS-LONDON SHOWS
The way-ahead man ignores the Dior skirtBy Eileen
Ascroft

SKIRTS still mid-calf, says Spanish Castillo, who designs for Lanvin.

Interesting details tie-belts, handkerchief pockets in the armhole, bloused backs and big flat bows resembling bows of children's dancing slippers.

LEATHER provides an original note in the Michael Sherard collection.

It is used for straight, unfitted topsuits with matching skirts, cut collars, and for important lower trappings, such as a huge bunch of pink violets or a straggly blue carnation.

Suit blouses are executed in suede with swathed turban hats to match.

There is a distinctly new line to the skirt jacket this season. Most designers show some version of it. It gives a wider look to the top of the jacket, though the effect is achieved by cutting and not padding.

The actual shoulder is still rounded, but there is a certain wider fullness above the bust.

The sleeve is very low-cut, rather wide and loose, frequently kimono-style.

Collars are small, high and unimportant, waists low but natural and nipped.

Skirts are slim, but there are brief pleats to give freedom of movement.

WORLD COPYRIGHT RESERVED



THE ZEBRA TOUCH

Black and white zebra stripes, in line wool, are used for this barrel hoodbag, turban and cuffed gloves by Roger at Collet. Earrings are of gilt chicken wire. London Express Service.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Cats Shouldn't Go Fishing

—But, Purr-Purr Doesn't See Why Not—

By MAX TRELL

HANID, the shadow-girl, with the turned-about name, was walking down the path toward the goldfish pond when she heard a faint splashing sound. "It doesn't sound as if anyone had fallen in," she said to herself as she hurried toward the pond, "but I'd better make sure."

When she reached the pond, she saw exactly what had happened. Purr-Purr, the kitten, was standing at the edge of the flat stone which hung over the top of the water and was dipping her paw into the pond.

Purr-Purr Was Fishing

"My goodness!" exclaimed Hanid. "Purr-Purr is fishing for the goldfish!"

Hanid seized hold of the kitten at once. She sat down among the jumper bushes and held Purr-Purr on her lap. Purr-Purr looked up at Hanid with large green eyes.

"Now, Purr-Purr," said Hanid severely, "I hope you can understand what I'm going to tell you. I wish your mother would tell you this, but I'm afraid she won't. Now listen to me very carefully. You mustn't ever go fishing for goldfish."

She just kept looking at Hanid and purring contentedly.

"And once upon another time," she went on, "there was a kitten who fell in the pond who turned into a plant called a cattail."

Purr-Purr didn't seem at all surprised to hear this.

"Perhaps," thought Hanid to herself, "Purr-Purr doesn't believe this. I'm not quite sure that I believe it myself." But she continued aloud to Purr-Purr.

"And once upon another time," she went on, "there was a kitten who fell in the pond who turned into a plant called a cattail."

Purr-Purr didn't show any surprise at hearing this, either.

Beach Belle



By VERA WINSTON

EVEN the prettiest of this year's bathing suits seem to be of the functional variety this season, yet becoming enough to be successful for beach fun or just loitering. This one is of striped cotton worked out in various color combinations. It is made up of three parts, a strapless bra, a fasci and romper shorts. The waistband may be removed to make an open midriff. The top also can be match mated with black shorts or a dark skirt.

Household Hint

New and colourful containers for cleanser tins are now on the market. These jackets, which fold around the tin and snap on, come in a number of colours and floral designs. Handy to use because they will not slip from the grasp of wet hands, they fit most brands of round and square tins normally used in kitchen, bath and laundry. They can also be decoratively used to cover metal tins converted to flower pots.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Cats Shouldn't Go Fishing

—But, Purr-Purr Doesn't See Why Not—

By MAX TRELL

HANID, the shadow-girl, with the turned-about name, was walking down the path toward the goldfish pond when she heard a faint splashing sound. "It doesn't sound as if anyone had fallen in," she said to herself as she hurried toward the pond, "but I'd better make sure."

When she reached the pond, she saw exactly what had happened. Purr-Purr, the kitten, was standing at the edge of the flat stone which hung over the top of the water and was dipping her paw into the pond.

Purr-Purr Was Fishing

"My goodness!" exclaimed Hanid. "Purr-Purr is fishing for the goldfish!"

Hanid seized hold of the kitten at once. She sat down among the jumper bushes and held Purr-Purr on her lap. Purr-Purr looked up at Hanid with large green eyes.

"Now, Purr-Purr," said Hanid severely, "I hope you can understand what I'm going to tell you. I wish your mother would tell you this, but I'm afraid she won't. Now listen to me very carefully. You mustn't ever go fishing for goldfish."

She just kept looking at Hanid and purring contentedly.

"And once upon another time," she went on, "there was a kitten who fell in the pond who turned into a plant called a cattail."

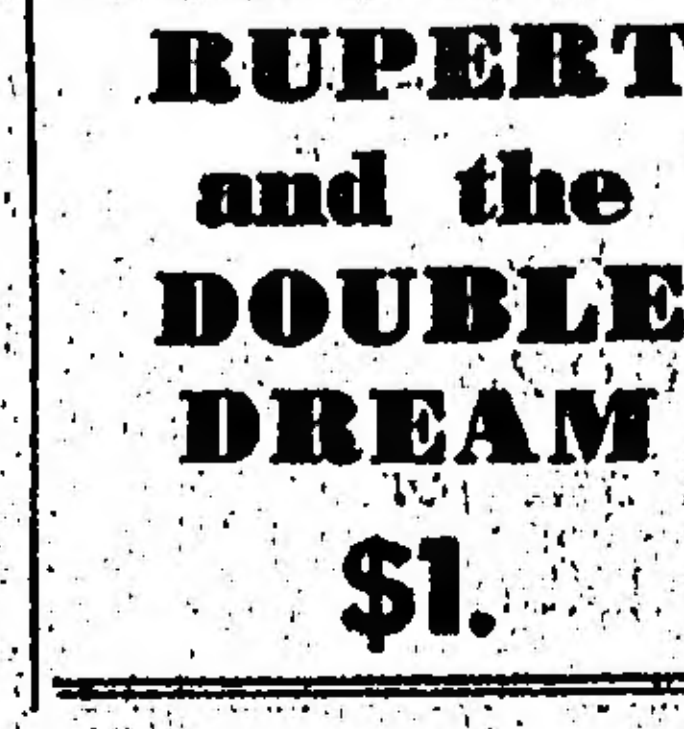
Purr-Purr didn't seem at all surprised to hear this.

"Perhaps," thought Hanid to herself, "Purr-Purr doesn't believe this. I'm not quite sure that I believe it myself." But she continued aloud to Purr-Purr.

"And once upon another time," she went on, "there was a kitten who fell in the pond who turned into a plant called a cattail."

Purr-Purr didn't show any surprise at hearing this, either.

Rupert and the Pepper-Rose—11



Picking himself up, Rupert finds that he is unhurt. "Whew, that was lucky," he murmurs, "but what do I do now?" As he pauses a strange sound reaches his ears. Then it comes again, and he realizes it is made by somebody sneezing. Moving on

upwards towards the noise, he spies a little girl and, as he approaches, she sneezes again. "Now I know where I am!" he thinks. "That's Mary! Quite a Contrary, and this is her garden with the silver bells. I know I'd been here before!"

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

Another new "Adventure"

RUPERT and the DOUBLE DREAM

\$1.

Is This What You Call CRICKET?

By BEVERLEY BAXTER, M.P.

It is a matter of no great importance, but for many years I have lived in Hamilton Terrace, less than half a mile from Lord's Cricket Ground.

Yet I never succumbed to the lure of cricket, and only attended Lord's when someone asked me to lunch during the Eton and Harrow Match. Having been brought up on baseball in my youth, I regarded cricket as a dull ritual that passed the limits of mere time and bordered on eternity.

My conversation came suddenly like all great conversations, and it was so complete that I now have the zeal of a prophet. In fact, when I had the honour of sitting opposite young Mr. Hale of Australia at a recent dinner at the House of Commons, I felt that at last I was in touch with greatness.

I LOOKED IN

It was that Test Match at Lord's that did it. My old friend Lord Donegan sent me five over tickets one for each day. On the opening day I paid no attention to the affair, although the cheers could be heard in our garden. On the second day I looked in on my way to Westminster and gazed upon the hallowed spot in company with some 30,000 of my fellow creatures. It seemed rather like much ado about nothing.

This is all very graceful, I thought, "rather like a ballet in slow motion, but it is not a game." And just then the batter hit a mighty swipe and the ball sped away into the distance. Someone let out a tremendous roar. To my astonishment I discovered it was my own voice. For the rest of the match I either stole time to visit Lord's or watched it on television at home or at Westminster—the Socialists are quite mad about the game—and on the final morning I was at Lord's waiting for the gates to open.

ONE PUZZLING POINT

This is the only game where a climax can be sustained for hours on end—to that degree it has something in common with Wagner's music—and it is also the only game where you cheer because a batter does not hit the ball but merely blocks it. As a convert I denounce those pundits in the Press who want to see England slugging away to gain runs instead of merely staying off defeat. Yet, having become a complete convert even to the extent that when someone asks me "What's going on?" I immediately answer, "England are 78 for three," I still remain puzzled on one point.

GUIDANCE, PLEASE

Perhaps readers can enlighten me as to the meaning of the expression, "It isn't cricket"—a phrase which I have heard used a thousand times. In my simplicity and inexperience I must ask for guidance. For example, if England win the toss—an unlikely happening I agree—and if the wicket is good for batting, does Len Hutton say: "These Australians have come a long way so we'll put them in?" Or if England's tail are batting and the wicket is bad does Hutton declare so as to put Australia in a bad spot? Still further let us take the match at Leeds where the Australians had a good chance of winning before

stumps were drawn on the last day.

THAT WILD CRY

Am I right in assuming that after nearly every over the English fielding team tries to take up time? And equally when an Australian batter was out and positively ran to the pavilion while his successor speeded to take his place—was it to beat the clock? Then there is that wild, intimidating cry of "How's that?" in which the fielding team tries to influence the umpire. Imagine if at Wimbledon a player served and shouted "How's that?" at the same moment? Imagine if in the ring a boxer shouted it when his opponent sent a right to his midriff.

Even in baseball no one tries to influence the umpire's decision before he gives it. I admit that sometimes when he declares a home player to be out the crowd quite rightly throw ginger pop bottles at him and the home team gather around to express doubts about the marriage of his parents—but only after the decision has been given.

Then what in the world is the mystic meaning of the phrase "It isn't cricket?" If the answer is given that the game is played to the rules I would reply that every game—even all—in wrestling—is played on those terms.

SO I SUGGEST

I would go so far as to declare that there is no game over invented in which—while obeying the rules—so much is done to attack the cards against the other side.

As a convert, I am entirely in favour of every device that will confound the Australians' knavish tricks, but, in my innocence, I am dashed if I understand why cricket has become a

synonym for stiff-lipped rigidity of absolute sportsmanship.

As I am leaving the country next week (towards the highest form of wisdom), I would venture a suggestion. Should we not alter the phrase just a little? For example, if someone is just a bit quick, or a trifle too tricky, should the comment not be: "I say, old boy, that's dashed near cricket, isn't it?"

THE WORKS

I merely make this observation as a philosopher who has become a zealot, and I hope that this week, at the Oval, England will out-bowl, out-field, out-bat and, above all, out-think and outwit the Australians. In fact, I hope we give them the works!

(London Express Service)

SCAA WIN FIRST TWO MATCHES IN INDONESIA

The South China Athletic Association touring football team have won their first two matches in Indonesia. The first match played against a selected team from Banka, took place on Saturday, August 16. South China won by two goals to nil. The goals were scored by Yue Cheuk-yin, the S.C.A.A. star inside left.

On Sunday, also playing in Djakarta, the team was matched against a Chinese eleven, the Chung Hua team, whom they beat comfortably by four goals to nil. Scorers in this game were: — Mok Chun-wah left winger, 2; Yue Cheuk-yin inside left, 1; and Lee Kong-wing outside right, 1.

Fulham Success Plan Centres On Lawler

By HAROLD PALMER

Robin Lawler, a convert from left-half to left-back, is the key man in a simple Fulham promotion plan for the coming soccer season—and it is nothing more involved than passing to the unmarked man.

"What is wrong with English football is this fetish for drawing a man before passing," says manager Frank Osborne.

County Cricket Scores

London, Aug. 17. The following were the close of play scores of first class cricket matches played today:

At Lord's: Middlesex 155 and 33 for two, Worcestershire 399 for nine declared (Dew 73, Outchcomb 52, Broadbent 84).

At Derby: Derbyshire 290 for nine declared (Walsh five for 64), Leicestershire 125 for six (Tomkinson not out 79).

At Southampton: Nottinghamshire 233 and 127 (J. Bailey seven for 32), Essex 178 (Gordon seven for 57) and 58 for four.

At Portsmouth: Warwickshire 201 and 85 for four, Hampshire 103 (Pritchard five for 49).

At Leeds: Yorkshire 323 for four (Lester not out 103) Surrey to bat. There was no further play after the luncheon interval owing to rain.

At Dover: Kent beat Somerset by eight wickets. Somerset 159 and 150 (Wright six for 54), Kent 231 and 78 for two.

At Cardiff: Glamorgan 229 (Jones 58, James eight runs medium, five for 30), Sussex 144 for three (Smith not out 87).

At Cheltenham: Lancashire beat Gloucestershire by an innings and 18 runs. Gloucestershire 154 (Tattersall eight runs, Chapman five for 48) and 48 (Berry left arm slow, five for 17), Lancashire 222 (Russett

POWERFUL TACKLER

Elre appreciated his development, and Lawler played full-back against Australia.

As Fulham have also bought for about £8,000 a back in John Chennell, a powerful tackler and strong kicker from Arsenal, they can justifiably expect better results.

(London Express Service)



THE TEST MATCH THE BALANCE SWINGS RIGHT OVER IN FAVOUR OF THE AUSTRALIANS

London, Aug. 17.

The second day's play in the fifth and final Test match has ended with the balance swinging right over into Australia's favour. After being 156 for three wickets, England collapsed to the extent of ending the day with 235 on the board for the loss of seven wickets.

The architect of this Australian success was the wily Bill Johnston who celebrated his return to international cricket by shattering England's hopes of a substantial first innings lead over Australia.

He clean bowled Hutton when the England captain was well set and looked good for many more runs. After ten he had all the England batsmen in two minds and this on a plumb batting wicket.

The Australian fielding was of the highest class throughout the day with Hassett, Davidson, Harvey and young Archer being particularly outstanding.

When play was resumed this morning, in glorious sunshine, Hutton and Ebditch walked out to go on with the England innings which overnight had stood at one for no wicket.

Australia opened with Lindwall and Miller and for the first half hour was witnessed a gripping duel with the batsmen not afraid to make strokes and go for the runs.

Ebditch in particular was outstanding in this department and in one over eluded fiery Ray Lindwall to the boundary off successive strokes.

With the score at 37, however, England lost Ebditch and with him the aggressive approach to the game. Peter May, Hutton's new partner, was looking difficult to settle down in the face of the Australian pace attack, and the rate of scoring sagged sadly.

LOOKED SAFE ENOUGH

Nevertheless, neither batsman ever gave the appearance of getting right on top of the bowling. They did look safe enough. Hutton, especially, after a shaky start, seemed about to attempt his own 1888 marathon record of staying at the wicket for more than 13 hours.

The pair crept up towards the 100 mark and then the 100 partnership, 137 for one and England's hopes were looking bright. Too bright, alas, and soon two wickets fell to make the total 160 for three.

Even so the outlook gave ground for optimism. The

RASH TO FORECAST

The match in its present state has again swung in favour of the Australians. It would be rash, however, to attempt to forecast the result of this match. Time and time again in the present series fortunes have changed and rechanged in matter of an hour or two.

It may well do so again, but at the moment the Australians still have a first innings lead of 40 runs, with not much England batting to come and they will be bowling at an England team having lost use of this Oval wicket, a wicket which is notorious for being a perfect

THE SCOREBOARD

Australia, 1st Innings 275
England, 1st Innings

Hutton, b. Johnston	82	1
Ebditch, b. Lindwall	21	1
May, c. Archer, b. Johnston	39	1
Compton, c. Langley, b. Lindwall	10	1
Gravamey, c. Miller, b. Lindwall	4	1
Archer, not out	35	1
Langley, not out	28	1
Extras	5	1
Total (for 7 wks)	235	1

Falls of wickets: 1/37, 2/137, 3/154, 4/167, 5/170, 6/210, 7/235.

Bowling to date:

	O	M	R	W
Lindwall	23	4	58	3
Miller	27	8	60	1
Johnston	31	12	61	2
Davidson	9	1	20	0
Archer	8	1	23	0
Hole	7	4	8	0

Byes 4; Wides 1.—Reuter.

U.S. DOUBLES TOURNAMENT

Chestnut Hill, Massachusetts, Aug. 17.

Lewis Hoad and Ken Rosewall, rated by many experts as the world's best tennis doubles team, easily defeated Roger Bocker and John Borrett, both of England, in the first round of the U.S. National Doubles Championships today, 6-1, 6-2, 6-4.

Vic Seixas and his partner, Tony Trabert, were given a three-hour postponement of their match to allow Seixas to get a whitewash treatment of his knee, injured in yesterday's Singles final at Newport against Trabert.—United Press.

COLONY JUNIOR SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIPS

The following are the results of heats in several events in the Colony Junior Swimming Championships, organised and sponsored by the Hongkong Amateur Swimming Association, which were swum off at the Victoria Recreation Club last night:

Men's 50 yards Free Style—First heat: 1. Kwok (Hong Kong), Time: 23.4 seconds; Second heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 23.4 seconds; Third heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 23.4 seconds; Fourth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 23.4 seconds; Fifth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 23.4 seconds; Sixth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 23.4 seconds; Seventh heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 23.4 seconds; Eighth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 23.4 seconds; Ninth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 23.4 seconds; Tenth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 23.4 seconds.

Men's 100 yards Free Style—First heat: 1. Kwok (Hong Kong), Time: 46.8 seconds; Second heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 46.8 seconds; Third heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 46.8 seconds; Fourth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 46.8 seconds; Fifth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 46.8 seconds; Sixth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 46.8 seconds; Seventh heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 46.8 seconds; Eighth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 46.8 seconds; Ninth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 46.8 seconds; Tenth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 46.8 seconds.

Men's 200 yards Free Style—First heat: 1. Kwok (Hong Kong), Time: 1:33.6 seconds; Second heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 1:33.6 seconds; Third heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 1:33.6 seconds; Fourth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 1:33.6 seconds; Fifth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 1:33.6 seconds; Sixth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 1:33.6 seconds; Seventh heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 1:33.6 seconds; Eighth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 1:33.6 seconds; Ninth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 1:33.6 seconds; Tenth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 1:33.6 seconds.

Men's 400 yards Free Style—First heat: 1. Kwok (Hong Kong), Time: 3:40.8 seconds; Second heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 3:40.8 seconds; Third heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 3:40.8 seconds; Fourth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 3:40.8 seconds; Fifth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 3:40.8 seconds; Sixth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 3:40.8 seconds; Seventh heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 3:40.8 seconds; Eighth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 3:40.8 seconds; Ninth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 3:40.8 seconds; Tenth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 3:40.8 seconds.

Men's 800 yards Free Style—First heat: 1. Kwok (Hong Kong), Time: 7:51.6 seconds; Second heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 7:51.6 seconds; Third heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 7:51.6 seconds; Fourth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 7:51.6 seconds; Fifth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 7:51.6 seconds; Sixth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 7:51.6 seconds; Seventh heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 7:51.6 seconds; Eighth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 7:51.6 seconds; Ninth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 7:51.6 seconds; Tenth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 7:51.6 seconds.

Men's 1600 yards Free Style—First heat: 1. Kwok (Hong Kong), Time: 15:43.2 seconds; Second heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 15:43.2 seconds; Third heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 15:43.2 seconds; Fourth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 15:43.2 seconds; Fifth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 15:43.2 seconds; Sixth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 15:43.2 seconds; Seventh heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 15:43.2 seconds; Eighth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 15:43.2 seconds; Ninth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 15:43.2 seconds; Tenth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 15:43.2 seconds.

Men's 3200 yards Free Style—First heat: 1. Kwok (Hong Kong), Time: 31:26.4 seconds; Second heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 31:26.4 seconds; Third heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 31:26.4 seconds; Fourth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 31:26.4 seconds; Fifth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 31:26.4 seconds; Sixth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 31:26.4 seconds; Seventh heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 31:26.4 seconds; Eighth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 31:26.4 seconds; Ninth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 31:26.4 seconds; Tenth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 31:26.4 seconds.

Men's 6400 yards Free Style—First heat: 1. Kwok (Hong Kong), Time: 62:52.8 seconds; Second heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 62:52.8 seconds; Third heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 62:52.8 seconds; Fourth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 62:52.8 seconds; Fifth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 62:52.8 seconds; Sixth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 62:52.8 seconds; Seventh heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 62:52.8 seconds; Eighth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 62:52.8 seconds; Ninth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 62:52.8 seconds; Tenth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 62:52.8 seconds.

Men's 12800 yards Free Style—First heat: 1. Kwok (Hong Kong), Time: 125:45.6 seconds; Second heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 125:45.6 seconds; Third heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 125:45.6 seconds; Fourth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 125:45.6 seconds; Fifth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 125:45.6 seconds; Sixth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 125:45.6 seconds; Seventh heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 125:45.6 seconds; Eighth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 125:45.6 seconds; Ninth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 125:45.6 seconds; Tenth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 125:45.6 seconds.

Men's 25600 yards Free Style—First heat: 1. Kwok (Hong Kong), Time: 251:31.2 seconds; Second heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 251:31.2 seconds; Third heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 251:31.2 seconds; Fourth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 251:31.2 seconds; Fifth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 251:31.2 seconds; Sixth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 251:31.2 seconds; Seventh heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 251:31.2 seconds; Eighth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 251:31.2 seconds; Ninth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 251:31.2 seconds; Tenth heat: 1. Siu (Hong Kong), Time: 251:31.2 seconds.

"FREEDOG" OF HARTLEPOOL IS DEAD

London, Aug. 17. A seven-year-old collie dog who found 3,000 lost balls on Hartlepool golf course is dead. "Mac" was the only dog in Hartlepool who had the official freedom of the golf course. All balls were returned to the Club.—China Mail Special.

Fanling Golf

Copies of the 1953/54 Fixture List of the Royal Hong Kong Golf Club have been sent to all members. In the event of the original having not been received, a duplicate copy may be obtained from the office. In response to popular request it has been decided to include in the Winter programme, a Fanling Open Four-ball knockout competition. Details of this will be announced later.

FANLING SCORES

The following were the best Medal scores returned at Fanling during the week-end: E. C. Brown—84-20-64; Major C. P. Elrick—86-18-68; R. G. Oliphant—79-10-69.

New Course (S.S.S. 71): A. D. Jones—86-23-63; F. W. Chandler—89-22-67; R. E. Skelton—94-24-70.

OLD TOURNAMENT

A challenge Golf Match played at Deep Water Bay Course on Sunday between teams representing Engineers and Surveyors of the Public Works Department resulted in a well deserved win by the Engineers by 12 points. Individual scores were as follows:

K. S. Robertson (E) beat W. L. T. Crundell (S) 8 up; W. O. Davies (E) beat L. E. Stanton (S) 4 up; J. Farber (E) beat J. H. MacNeil (S) 5 up; N. K. Littlejohn (E) beat A. M. J. Wright (S) 3 up; J. Alexander (E) lost to W. A. Johnson (S) 3 down; J. G. Robinson (E) lost to W. J. Skinner (S) 4 down.

CHILDREN'S GOLF

A two-section Tombston Competition was arranged for Junior Members last Thursday. In the Senior division (Handicap 20 and under) Bill Stoker was the winner; his round finishing in a Bunker at the 21st Green. Christopher Cowell was a very close second, however, his last stroke coming to rest on the 20th Fairway.

Anthony Gray won the first prize in the Junior group (handicap 21 to 40) his last shot finishing on the 20th Green. Jane Murray being in second place, her last stroke finding a resting place close to the nineteenth hole.

Next Thursday's competition is a three Club versus Bogey. This is sure to prove most interesting and players are asked to come early and to fix their own games.

Those who have not arranged a game are asked to come along just the same and partners will be allotted to them on arrival.

REVISED HANDICAPS

The following handicap revisions were released on Saturday:

	Handicap
H. Small	12
W. E. Hines	10
L. H. Robinson	10
Austin Ho	10
C. W. Leitch	10
W. H. Taylor	10
P. Allen	10
J. L. Daly	10
F. J. Zimmer	10
Frank V. C.	10
E. C. Wright	10
H. R. G. Hobbs	10
R. Bravard	10
A. G. Jones	10

THE GAMBOLS



Printing of Distinction for People of Distinction

By South China Morning Post Limited

Telephone 20002 and ask for Mr. Labryne

PETER WEST —23RD BEST IN HISTORY By "RECORDER"

The also-runs of athletics—in the AAA Championships those who fall to finish in the first six—are the forgotten men of the British national press.

Among these was Peter West, former Hongkong Champion in the 5,000 Metres, but for the fact that a little magazine for athletes, *Athletics World*, lists him as having finished eighth in the AAA Six Miles in 20 minutes 42.8 seconds.

In a description of the race, *Athletics World* says: "After Hackett, five more men came streaming in before the 30 minutes was up, thus making the event the finest distance championship ever seen in any nation."

West, who already ranks as one of the world's ten best ever at 20 miles in the history of organised athletics, ran himself into 23rd place on the all time ranking list over the standard Six Miles distance.

Ranking above him are such giants of the running track as Gordon Pirie, Emil Zatopek, Viljo Heino, Paavo Nurmi, Alain Mimoun, Talisto Maki, Ilmarinen, Frank Sando and 14 others.

Though only eighth in the Six Miles at this year's AAA Championship, Peter West now ranks 12th on the all-time British list and 13th on the all-time Empire list.

DETERMINATION

West was a good runner in Hongkong, but he did not outclass the opposition. He lost his 5,000 Metres Championship and his record to Derek Gehring in his last appearance in the Colony Championships and then lost the Cross Country race in the New Territories. The only track record he retains from his Hongkong days is that for the Three Miles.

But Peter West is keen to succeed as an athlete. Did he belong to any other nation than Great Britain, international honours would have already come his way. In Britain, the richest country in history in good distance runners over the past two years, he is only eighth in the national ranking.

With his unquenchable determination, we may yet see him closing in on Gordon Pirie. West is in only his first year of national success.

In the AAA Three Miles, Charlie Smart, aged 43, a one-time running mate of Captain Norman Phillips, finished 18th in under 14 minutes 34 seconds. Peter is a very young runner in comparison with Charlie Smart.

Recreio Players Skipped By ABC Chairman Win

The Recrio at King's Park yesterday was the scene of an interesting game between a rink comprising leading players of Recrio, skipped by Mr W. P. Eadie, the Chairman of the Australian Bowling Council, against a rink consisting of the officers of the Hongkong Lawn Bowls Association comprising Messrs J. E. Noronha (President), M. N. Rakusen (Vice President), J. G. Meyer (Hon. Treasurer) and M. B. Hassan (Hon. Secretary).

Mr Eadie's rink consisting of Messrs A. P. Pereira No. 1, C. P. Haste No. 2 and R. F. Luz No. 3, jumped off to a 2-0 lead in the first end and went further ahead to 5-1 with a triple on the third end. The H.K.L.B.A. rink retaliated with a triple on the fourth to draw up 5-4.

This, however, was the closest they could get to Mr Eadie's rink who by virtue of forceful and steady play went further ahead to eventually triumph by 20-11. The game ended on the 16th end owing to bad light and although conditions were not good, with a high wind blowing across the green, the game was enjoyed by both players and the large gallery watching it.

SPORTS



"Bottoming the Channel nothing! I'm an over-board!"

London Express Service

"PUFF-PUFF" AGAIN



Gordon "Puff-Puff" Pirie tries his feet successfully at a shorter distance to win the Emsley Carr Mile at the British Games at the White City in 4:06.8. Behind him is the American record holder, Wes Santee.

Cockell Of England Wipes Out Forever That Horizontal Jibe

By DESMOND HACKETT

Seattle, Aug. 8.
Saturday—and the winner is Don Cockell of England. Maybe this is ageing sports intelligence, but to me those are the most heart-rejoicing words heard in thousands of miles of travel with subdued and swindled Soccer teams and engulfed golf outfits.

This is the morning after the fight before, yet those words still ring with the gallantry of a bugler sounding a challenging cavalry call.

This is the shot in the arm for which British boxing has been yearning.

In this fight-crazy Pacific coast city of Seattle, British Champion Don Cockell wiped away with his able hands the bitter, sneering jibe at the British horizontal heavyweight.

Cockell... bleeding, weary, puzzled by the mad grace of Harry Matthews, came from behind to win on points a 10-round fight that was all he-man action.

A MIRAGE

Still, today the air is filled with the moans and rages of Matthews's boss, Jack Hurley. In an unforgettable ninth-round recovery by Cockell, Hurley saw a light horizon full of dollar bills fade into a moneyed mirage.

Hurley still suffers from the hangover of that dentist's waiting-room tension when the first scores were announced. Judge Ed Pinkman gives Matthews 51 points, Cockell 49 points. Judge Jim Grant gives Cockell 51½, Matthews 49½.

The 15,000 crowd seemed to stop breathing as the final count came: "Referee Jim Wilson gives Cockell 53 points, Matthews 45."

The breathless crowd gasped in surprise at this amazing margin, then stood to salute Cockell. Hurley now demands a commission of inquiry into how Referee Wilson decided on his final count. It almost gives Cockell a walk-over.

CLOSE FIGHT

The fight was never that. It was as tight as a fight-manager's purse strings. Cockell was maybe that fraction ahead because he was punching more solidly, forcing the fight, moving smoothly if not over-quickly.

The only time Cockell really looked in trouble was in the sixth round. Incredibly, both were poised at the same time to swing punishment-packed punches. The faster Matthews got in first, crashed his glove against Cockell's left cheek.

The colourful crowd rose like a mass of confetti caught by a wind machine as Cockell stumbled back to the ropes. On his cheekbone a nasty cut pumped a steady stream of blood.

Grimly-named Dr Moriarty—remember your villain of Sherlock Holmes?—examined the cut, delayed the start of the seventh round, and for one shattering moment looked as though he might stop the fight.

Cockell—mucky, enduring Cockell—again suffered bitterly

TAKE A CHANCE, ENGLAND! GO AFTER THOSE AUSSIES WITH ALL YOU'VE GOT!

Says GEORGE WHITING

Take a chance, England! Go after those Australians with all you've got in the fifth Test Match at the Oval. What if you lose? Nobody is going to be shot at dawn for getting a duck.

Australia—barest for most of the tour of the "two way" bowling of Bill Johnston—have shown us in the four Tests this season that they are not afraid to gamble, not too timid to bowl at the stumps, and not too petrified to hit the ball that is over-pitched or short of a length.

With due respect to the stout heart of back-to-the-wall Bailey and the they-shall-not-pass heroics of Willie Watson, I suggest we have all seen just about enough of England cricketers in the role of last-ditch defenders.

SLOGOMANIA

The straight bat is both essential and decent, but its purpose, like that of the straight left in boxing, is primarily one of defence. Bradman got along pretty well without making it the be-all and end-all of his batsmanship.

Nobody wants lamp-post cricket, or to see the technical and tactical of the game swamped in an outbreak of slogomania. But we are surely entitled to expect enterprise.

How long is it since we saw one of the first five England batsmen advancing down the wicket with a bat poised for slaughter, a la Hobbs?

Test Match bowling that waits for Test Match batsmen to flick at balls outside the off stump can bore the keenest of cricket purchasers after an hour or two. So can batsmanship cramped into apparent mortal terror by an array of slogs and close-in leg fieldsmen.

"DANGEROUS"

The so-called Carmichael field is a threat to batsmen who care less the ball—but not to the man who hits it. No Australian batsman would have dared to leave the front of the wicket almost untenanted by fieldsmen against Jack Hobbs, Frank Woolley or Charlie Barnett.

Nearly every shot in top-class England cricket these days seems to be dictated by dull care and dreary commercialism, and the game is less of a spectacle because of it.

The inclusive cut, the sweep to leg (saving Compton's presence), the lusty pull and the straight drive have almost disappeared. Such stuff is "dangerous." All we get nowadays is the technically correct tinkle and the apprehensive push to cover-point. I maintain that England's cricket technique, based on and inspired by the immortal Hobbs, is superior to that of the Australians. But technique in the hands of players who seem to be afraid of losing their jobs is a pale, spineless thing that rings few bells in the box-office.

NOT A FEUD

Test Matches are supposed to be a form of public entertainment, not a private feud between the hirelings of two sets of employers. Cricket will still wait crowds when the Australians have gone home.

I am probably an outcast, a moron, a stinker and a misfit.

Open Singles Quarter-finals On Thursday

The matches in the Colony Open Singles Championship quarter-final round due to be played off today at KCC have been postponed to Thursday, August 20, by mutual arrangement.

The postponed match between G. C. Norman and W. J. D. Cameron for the right to enter the quarter-final round will take place this afternoon at 5.15 p.m. The winner of this match will meet Joe Luz in the quarter-final.

The following is the programme:
Today at HKCC at 5.15 p.m.: G. C. Norman v W. J. D. Cameron.
Thursday, August 20, at 5.15 p.m.: At KCC—C. Pereira v A. W. Hircok; winner of G. C. Norman v W. J. D. Cameron v J. A. Luz.

At HKCC—A. M. Omar v M. B. Hassan; C. H. Gough v J. Chubb.

OPEN PAIRS

R. M. V. Ribeiro and A. A. Lopes beat A. Bachoo and A. K. Omar 3-1 in a third round Open Pairs match at PRC yesterday. They meet the Luz brothers in the quarter-final.

But I still would rather see a Neil Harvey hitting the bowling off his toes than a Trevor Bailey compelled to do a Dunkirk because his pals have wobbled against the fire of Lindwall.

Win or lose the final Test, the finest thing that could happen to English cricket just now would be an Oval hundred before lunch from Len Hutton. To blaze with the consequences. Give us cricket, not six days of commercialised misery.

(London Express Service)

Stands Ready For Softball Season

At a meeting of the Hongkong Softball Association held in the Commissioner's Office, Molthen's office in Shell House yesterday, it was announced that the permanent stands for spectators, to be erected of planks and steel framework at a cost of HK\$8,000 with accommodation for 500 to 600 fans, were to be ready by the opening day of the Softball season, September 27.

Ten stands in all would be erected and these will be in the form of six tiers each.

The meeting went on to elect the officials for the coming season and the following is the result of the elections:

Management Committee Chairman—Mr R. Hammet, Grounds and Equipment Chairman—Mr A. Ozorio, Umpire-in-Chief—Mr Hal Wing, Lee, Scorer in Chief—Mr Tony Kwok, Press Relations Officers—Messrs D. S. Ling and Lee Chi-hong.

Presiding at the meeting was Mr Wally Mar, Chairman of the Association and "Doc" Molthen the Commissioner was also present.

Fourth Frigate Squadron Plans Two Regattas

Following the rowing regatta, postponed from August 13, which is to take place on Saturday, August 22, the Fourth Frigate Squadron of the Royal Navy hope to hold a sailing regatta on September 1 and 2.

This is the first Naval sailing regatta to be held in Hongkong waters for several years, and there will be whaler and dinghy races for officers as well as seamen.

The boats will start from the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club at Kellie Island and sail three times round Buoy B1 and East Rock, finishing at the starting line.

Each ship in the squadron is to enter one whaler and two dinghies.

On the first day there will be whaler and dinghy races for Chief Petty Officers, Petty Officers, and Leading ratings. On the second day there will be Officers' events.

Arsenal Order 'Check Goals Again!'

What has happened to Arsenal's defence? What a question to ask with the new season not even started, and Arsenal, League Champions for the seventh time in 17 seasons, too.

But before you complain Arsenal fans start throwing let us be reasonable and take statistics before hysterics (writes Harold Palmer).

Look at the goals against Arsenal last season. This time Arsenal won the League in spite of their defence—rather than because of it.

No fewer than seven other First Division clubs had less goals scored against them than Arsenal. Chelsea (10th), and relegated Stoke each had only two more—66.

Just look at Arsenal's growing total of goals against over the last six years—32, 44, 55, 56, 61, 64.

HOW MANY?

How many in the coming season? The order goes out to the Arsenal defence: "Check Goals Again!"

What has happened to the old

"sound barrier" in the penalty area? Forwards were banging their way through it much more often.

The bucks were keeping to their wings, playing square. In the middle one missed the solid commanding figure of a Leslie Compton.

NEVER DESPONDENT

No wonder there is elation down Highbury—way at the prospect of that wily Watney Barnes returning to the defence. Barnes, captain of Wales for four seasons, has shown typical Arsenal spirit in a 15-month fight back to fitness.

He has been disappointed, but never despondent, since that knee injury put him out of the 1952 Cup final 22 minutes after the kick-off.

Few players have been written off so often. When he signed amateur for Portsmouth in 1938

Jack Tinn, then the manager, said: "You'll never make a footballer as long as you have two legs."

In 1945, after Barnes had injured his left knee in the Army, a specialist said he would never play again.

After his last injury medical opinion was more guarded. But still the whispers went round that the end had really been written this time.

Can Barnes, 34 next January, go straight into League soccer again? Well, after his last lay-off of nearly two years, he went into the League side to meet Tom Finney at Preston—and kept his place.

"No doubt I will get some trouble," he says. "But if I can play enough matches without having to stop training then I think I will be able to carry on."

(London Express Service)

What's best in
Kowloon?



Willow Inn
AIR-CONDITIONED

(Air-Conditioning installed by Gilman & Co.)

753 Nathan Road (East of Prince Edward Rd.)
Tel. 57847.

DELICIOUS DISHES,
COCKTAILS & WINES.

Attraction Everynight

Music! Dance!

"The Little Inn

That Offers You

Great Joy!"

PETER
OPTICAL CO.

The Best Optician

Satisfaction Guaranteed

226A, Nathan Rd.

Tel. 56346.

RADAR CO.

40D, Shanlung Street,

Mongkok, Kowloon.

Tel. 57602.

"Everything for the Modeller"

Model Railways, Model Air-

crafts, Model Engines, Model

Boats, Model Race Car Kits,

Model Jetex Outfits.

Pay for what you got and get

what you pay for.

ARRIVED!!

Yates'
SUPERB

FLOWER and VEGETABLE
SEEDS

75 c. — 85 c. — \$ 1.20
PKG.

Kowloon WHITEWAYS Phone 54032

WHITEWAY, LAIDLAW & CO. LTD.

Ideal Quiet Place
FOURSEAS HOTEL
& RESTAURANT

BEST FOOD & SERVICE

Air-Conditioned Rooms With Telephone Service.

A comfortable home for your families.

Cable Address: "FOURSEAS" H.K. Tel. 52016.

Special Menu for Children

Free transportation to Star Ferry & Airport.

75, Waterloo Road, Kowloon.

ZORIC DRY CLEANING

CAN ONLY BE DONE IN A "ZORIC" UNIT. THERE IS BUT ONE IN THE COLONY. IT IS USED AT

THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Call 58266 For Collections and Deliveries

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

(Butterfield & Swire (Hongkong) Ltd.)

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO

"SHENKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 19th Aug.
"FUKIEN"	Singapore, Penang & Kelantan	5 p.m. 19th Aug.
"YCHOOW"	Shanghai	10 a.m. 22nd Aug.
"HUPF"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 24th Aug.
"FOYANG"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 26th Aug.
"SHENKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 20th Aug.
"FENGING"	Djakarta, Semarang, Sourabaya & Macassar	8 a.m. 27th Aug.
"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	10 a.m. 29th Aug.
"HANYANG"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	10 a.m. 29th Aug.
"PETER REED"	Kuching, Sarikoi, Binatang, Sibiu & Tongjong Mani	8 a.m. 1st Sept.
"SZECHUEN"	Singapore, Belawan, Penang & Palembang	10 a.m. 6th Sept.

ARRIVALS FROM

"HUPF"	Tientsin	21st Aug.
"FOYANG"	Kobe	23rd Aug.
"SHENKING"	Keelung	7 a.m. 24th Aug.
"FENGING"	Kobe	24th Aug.
"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	26th Aug.
"PETER REED"	Sibiu	26th Aug.
"HANYANG"	Bangkok	27th Aug.
"SZECHUEN"	Singapore	3rd Sept.

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO

"TAIYUAN"	Kobe, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kobe & Yokohama	Noon 19th Aug.
"TAIPING"	Kobe & Kobe	8 a.m. 20th Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney & Melbourne	6th Sept.
"TAIPING"	Sydney	8th Sept.

ARRIVALS FROM

"TAIYUAN"	Australia & Manila	In Port
"TAIPING"	Australia & Manila	In Port
"SHANSHI"	Australia, Ocean Is., Nauru & Manila	3rd Sept.
"TAIYUAN"	Kobe	4th Sept.
"TAIPING"	Kobe	4th Sept.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.

"AUTOLYCUS"	Liverpool & Dublin	23rd Aug.
"LAOMELON"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg	23rd Aug.
"PERSEUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	5th Sept.
"CLYTONEUS"	Liverpool & Glasgow	13th Sept.
"ASTYANAX"	Liverpool & Dublin	23rd Sept.

Scheduled sailings from Europe

Sails	Arrives
"CLYTONEUS"	Liverpool
"ASTYANAX"	do
"LAOMELON"	do
"PERSEUS"	do
"CLYTONEUS"	18th Aug.
"AGAPENOR"	24th Aug.
"CALCHAS"	3rd Sept.
"PELEUS"	7th Sept.

Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.



DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS.

Sails N.Y.	Sails S.F.	Arr. H.K.
"DONA AURORA"	Sailed	19th Aug.
"DONA ALICIA"	do	20th Aug.
"BATAAN"	do	16th Aug.
"TELEMACHUS"	26th Aug.	17th Sept.
"DONA NATI"	10th Sept.	2nd Nov.

SAILING FOR NEW YORK, via SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & CRISTOBAL.

Sails	Arrives
"HAINAN"	18th Aug.
"AGAMEMNON"	5th Sept.

Accept cargo for Kingston and to Central & South American ports on through bills of lading.

*Direct sailing to Pacific Coast Ports.

Emphay Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hongkong	Arrives H.K. (en return)
HK/Bangkok/Singapore	(DC-4) 7.00 a.m. Tue. Fri.	7.15 a.m. Wed. Sat.
(Connects at Bangkok with U.B.A. to Hongkong)		
HK/Manila/B.N. Dorneo	(DC-3) 6.45 a.m. Tue. Fri.	4.45 p.m. Wed. Sat.
HK/Saigon/Singapore	(DC-4) 11.30 a.m. Wed.	9.30 p.m. Thu.
HK/Hanoi/Hatphong	(DC-3) 11.30 a.m. Wed.	9.30 p.m. Thu.
HK/Bangkok/Rangoon/Calcutta	(DC-4) 12.00 noon Sat.	6.00 p.m. Sun.

All the above subject to Alteration without notice.

For passage and Freight Particulars please apply to

1 CONNAUGHT RD. C. Tel. 30331/8

BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875, 32144, 24878

"Human Beings May Grow Into Giants"

Suggestions that modern American children are growing too rapidly under the influence of diets fortified with large quantities of vitamins have been made in the United States.

Some authorities feel that the human race will face the danger of "giantism," and even of final extinction if the trend continues long enough.

The American Journal of Digestive Diseases says the vitamin craze is sharpening appetites for foods such as proteins and carbohydrates, stimulating growth and creating "a new kind of youth."

SHORT LIFE

"Two decades ago a human of 15 years of age was likely to be a comparatively small individual with a child's viewpoint," the Journal says.

"Today, this human is much more likely to be a young giant, often well over six feet high, weighing from 14 to 15 stone, and, definitely, sophisticated."

It added that this trend could continue indefinitely. Ultimately, it could lead to a race of giants with a short life expectancy.

"IT, GIANTS"

The American Museum of Natural History, in New York, entered the controversy with

the opinion that "giants" of seven feet high and taller, in the future, seemed likely.

At the University of Illinois, however, Dr. Robert Kark, professor of medicine, said there was no evidence to indicate any relationship of human growth to length of life.

TRAMP FREIGHT INDEX

Stockholm, Aug. 17. The Swedish tramp freight index was 112 in July compared with 113 in June, and the peak figure of 192 in December 1951, according to the latest report of the Commerce Collegium.

The index for tank freight in July was 54, compared with 58 in June, and the peak figure of 288 in both December 1951 and January 1952.

The two indices are based on an average figure of 100 in 1948.—China Mail Special.

CHINA MAIL

HONGKONG PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOONS)

Price, 20 cents per copy.

Saturdays 30 cents.

Subscription: \$5.00 per month. Postage: China and Macao \$7.00 per month, U.K., British Possessions and other countries \$7.00 per month.

News contributions always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor, business communications and advertisements to the Secretary.

Telephone: 1841 (5 Lines).

KOWLOON OFFICE:

Sallybury Road, Telephone: 2323.

Classified Advertisements

20 WORDS \$4.00

for 1 DAY PREPAID

ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS \$1.50 PER DAY

10 cents PER WORD OVER 20

Births, Deaths, Marriages, Personal \$5.00 per insertion not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents each additional word.

ALTERNATE INSERTIONS 10% EXTRA

If not prepaid a booking fee of 50 cents is charged.

PERSONAL

LEE ZA SING (former Office Assistant of Dr. Gardiner in Singapore) please get in touch with Carriett Gardiner at Lookout 274 South Day Road. Telephone 2225.

WANTED KNOWN

DETER Beauty Salons. For L'Oreal's permanent and hair. Rejuvenating facials and hair care. Also for sale attractive dresses at reasonable prices. Special discount to wives of services other ranks. Peninsular Hotel, Kowloon.

FOR SALE

OFFICE STATIONERY. Letter heads, Memorandum Forms, Visiting Cards, Envelopes etc. Orders now taken "S. C. M. Post."

INDUS White opaque air mail envelopes size 9" x 4" 25 for \$1.50, 100 for \$5. Obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES PER NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

SA. "KYOKAN MARU"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.'s godown where it will be at consignees risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and condition of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godown for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 17th August, 1953.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 15th August, 1953, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 25th August, 1953, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD. Agents

Hongkong, 12th August, 1953.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES PER NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

SA. "ARIMA MARU"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.'s godown where it will be at consignees risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and condition of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godown for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 17th August, 1953.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 15th August, 1953, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 25th August, 1953, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD. Agents

Hongkong, 14th August, 1953.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES PER HANSEN-WILHELMSEN LINE

SA. "TUNGSHA"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.'s godown where it will be at consignees risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and condition of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godown for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 17th August, 1953.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 15th August, 1953, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 25th August, 1953, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents

Hongkong, 12th August, 1953.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

m.v. "TAIYUAN"

arrd. 15th August 1953.

Damaged cargo ex this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf Godown at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, 19th August, and Thursday, 20th August, 1953, and consignees representatives are requested to be present during survey.

Butterfield & Swire, Agents, Australian-oriental Line Ltd. China Navigation Co., Ltd.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

m.v. "TAIPING"

arrd. 16th August 1953.

Damaged cargo ex this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy at H.K. Wharf from 10 a.m. on August 19 and 20, 1953, and consignees are requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, Australian-oriental Line Ltd. China Navigation Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, August 17, 1953.

BATTLE OF ATLANTIC AGAIN

To Be Re-staged In War Games

London, Aug. 17.

The 10-day sea manoeuvres over the North Atlantic, the North Sea and the English Channel next month will be the most widespread of its kind ever held, the Defence Ministry said today.

It will also be the first exercise involving simultaneously the three major NATO commands—Atlantic, Europe and the Channel.

The purpose of the exercise, beginning on September 10, will be to give the allies opportunities for co-ordinated training of naval and maritime air forces of nine Atlantic Pact nations in various phases of action.

There will be no strategic setting. It will merely be assumed that "Blue" and "Orange" are at war and the various phases of the exercise will be designed to ensure maximum contact between them.

The "Blue" force will include ships and planes of almost all types. The "Orange" force will consist mostly of cruisers, submarines and shore-based reconnaissance and other aircraft.

The exercise will cover an area bounded by Greenland and Norway in the north and Portugal in the south.

It will be a virtual re-staging of the World War Two Battle of the Atlantic—Route.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

m.v. "PERSEUS"

arrd. 16th August 1953.

Damaged cargo ex this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy at H.K. Wharf from 10 a.m. on August 19 and 20, 1953, and consignees are requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, Australian-oriental Line Ltd. China Navigation Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, August 17, 1953.

P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Due Hongkong
"CANTON"	23rd July	24th Aug.
"CANTHAGE"	20th Aug.	21st Sept.
"CORFU"	17th Sept.	19th Oct.

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore.

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CANTON"	27th Aug.	28th Sept.
"CANTHAGE"	23rd Sept.	24th Oct.
"CORFU"	23rd Oct.	23rd Nov.

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London.

FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Due	For
"SOUDAN"	14th Aug.	Japan
Homewards	Sails	For
"SURAT"	19 Aug.	Singapore, Penang, Port Swettenham, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg

With liberty to call at Belawan before or after Straits Ports and at Bombay if inducement offers.

Tanks available for carriage of Oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited Passenger accommodation.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

"TUNDUA"	due 23rd Aug.	from Calcutta, Rangoon & Straits
"SANTHA"	due 24th Aug.	from Calcutta, Rangoon & Straits
"WARLA"	due 25th Aug.	from Japan for Singapore, Hongkong, Calcutta & Rangoon

P. & O. B. I. JOINT SERVICE

"ORNA"	due 21st Aug.	from Japan for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon & other P. & O. ports
"OBRA"	due 30th Aug.	from Karachi, Bombay, Colombo & Singapore for Japan

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"EASTERN"	due 27th Aug.	for Lee, Nabal, Singapore, Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide
"NELLORE"	sails 1st Sept.	for Japan

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to: MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO. OF HONG KONG LTD. Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

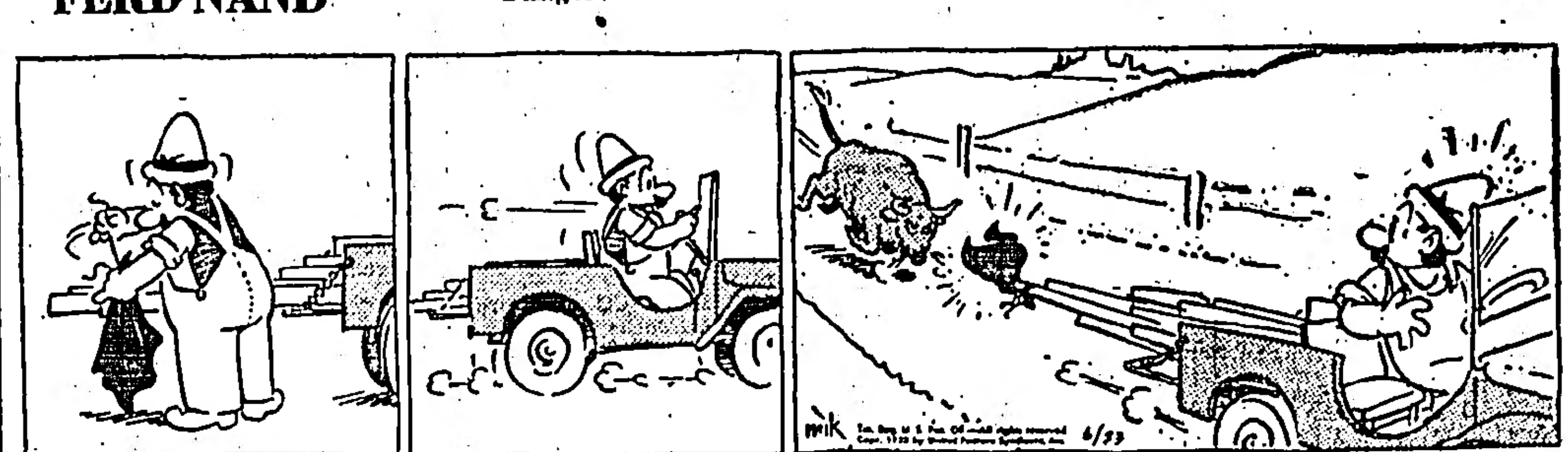
By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



FERD'NAND

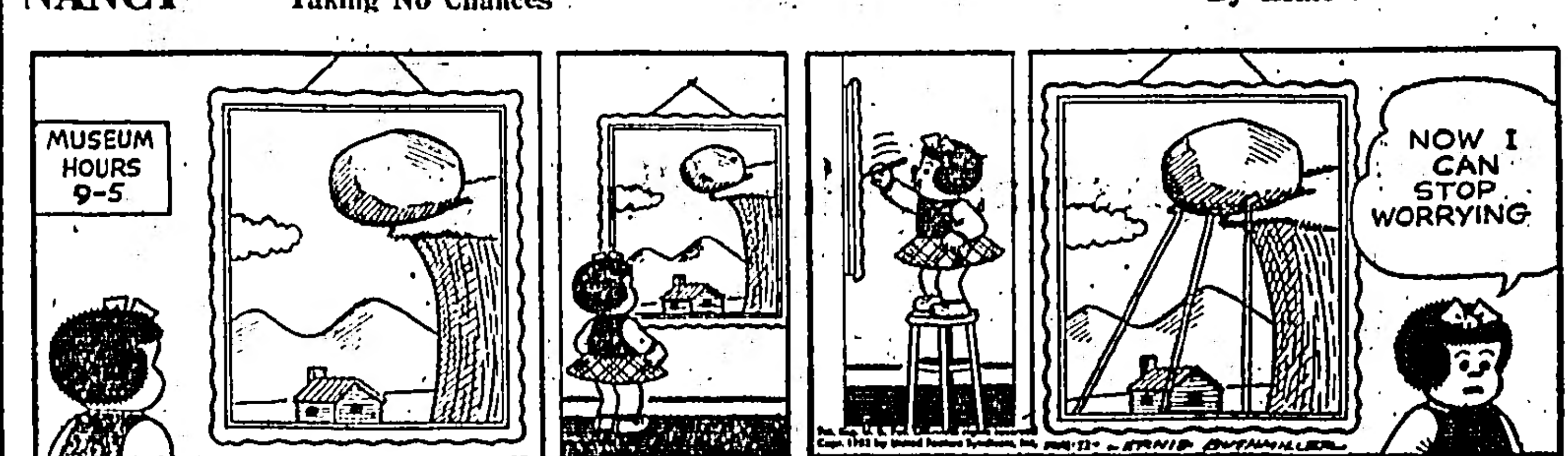
Danger!

By Milk



NANCY Taking No Chances

By Ernie Bushmiller



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



SMARTIES



Ceylon Red Officials On Work Stoppages

Colombo, Aug. 17. Two Communist officials today denied that leftist parties were planning any more hartals (business stoppages) in Ceylon.

They are Mr. Pieter Keuneman, Communist Member of Parliament, and Mr. Leslie Goonewardena, Secretary of the Trotskyite Samanaja Party.

But Politburo of the Ceylon Communist Party said in a statement that the one-day hartal last Wednesday was the beginning of a struggle to "liberate Ceylon from the Imperialists and the United National (governing) Party stooges."

Wednesday's hartal was against increases in the price of rice and in rail fares and electricity and postal charges.

Ceylon's Acting Governor, Sir Alan Rose, suspended the Municipal Councils of Colombo and nearby Moratuwa, which supported the protests against price increases.

Meanwhile, only one fresh incident has been reported from out-stations since the demonstrations last week.

This was the derailment of the Trincomalee-Colombo night mail train on Saturday night, 13 miles from Trincomalee, the British naval base in northeast Ceylon.

The engine driver and the fireman were injured, but the passengers escaped.

Colonel Sir John Kotelawala, Transport Minister and leader of the House of Representatives, said in Trincomalee that the present Ceylon Government would continue for the next four years, and no proposal of "hool

G. & J. WEIR LTD.
FEED PUMPS, CONDENSING PLANTS,
EVAPORATORS, FEED WATER HEATERS,
MARINE AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT.
ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT CO. LTD.
H.K. & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tel. 27780

CHINA MAIL

Sheaffer's
"SNORKEL"

Page 10 TUESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1953.

JOHN CLARKE'S CASEBOOK

Still Of The Night

IT was late in the evening and the rain was slashing down with seasonable savagery on the streets around King's Cross.

Except for an occasional newspaper or post-office van tearing with terrible urgency towards the main-line stations, the streets were deserted and silent. Suddenly, in one, the quiet was shattered by the crash of breaking glass.

A policeman hurried from the shadows where he had been sheltering, towards where the sound had come from. There he found a tall, gaunt man standing before a smashed plate-glass window. Just inside the window lay the milk bottle that had been thrown through it.

"THAT'S RIGHT, HE SAID 'YOU DO THAT!'" the policeman asked.

"That's right," the gaunt man said. The policeman took his arms and led him off to the police station.

Next morning the tall man, whose name was Henry, was shown into the dock at the Clerkwell court.

He pleaded guilty to wilfully doing £17 worth of damage to the window, and a police officer went into the witness-box to tell the story to Mr. Blake Odgers, Q.C., the magistrate.

"This man suffers from tuberculosis, sir. I believe he was discharged from hospital only two days ago," the officer said.

Wrongful Exclusion Of Evidence As Ground For Appeal

A complaint that the Prosecution's failure to call two witnesses was detrimental to his client who was unrepresented at his trial was made by Mr. T. Shurlock (instructed by Mr. P. L. Lam) in an appeal this morning brought by Yim Hung-po before the Full Court comprising Mr. Justice Gould and Mr. Justice Reece.

Yim appealed against his conviction at the Criminal Sessions on May 27 of possession of arms and ammunition and control of explosive substances.

His Counsel argued that it would be a miscarriage of justice to allow him to serve the concurrent sentence of eight years passed on him by Mr. Justice Scholes.

Mr. Shurlock said that the grounds of appeal were: wrongful exclusion of evidence by the Prosecution; misdirection by the trial Judge; his failure to put the defence adequately to the jury; and that the verdict was against weight of evidence.

Mr. Shurlock said that the chief witnesses for the Prosecution, namely, two room boys of the Prince's Hotel all spoke of a certain "two men" other than the accused, who were present at 59 Haa Wong Road where the large arsenal of arms and explosives was found at the Prince's Hotel.

The Prosecution made no attempt to find out from the witnesses who the two men were or what they were doing. These two men were in the hold of the Police, as they were at an identification parade and yet they were not asked or even tendered in evidence.

SUBMISSIONS
Quoting an authority, Mr. Shurlock submitted it was the duty of the Prosecution in a criminal trial to call all material witnesses whether favourable or not so that the jury could have before them all the material facts.

This was more important when the accused was not defended. If the Prosecution did not do so then it was the duty of the trial Judge to call them as he was entitled to do. He considered it to be in the interests of justice. If he did not call these witnesses he should in his summing-up refer to it and tell the jury that there was a reasonable presumption that the side withholding material evidence did so because it was unfavourable.

Rescued From Plane Crash



Sergeant Roy Speers, who was rescued from the US aircraft which came down in the Atlantic recently, shakes hands with the master of the rescue ship, Manchester Shipper, which picked him up after he had been ten hours afloat. The aircraft, an atom bomber, was on its way to England when it crashed in flames into the Atlantic.—London Express.

Life Banishee Has Sentence Increased

A life banishee, Yip Sun, who had been given six months by Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central for breach of a deportation order, and who appealed against the sentence, was asked by Mr. Justice A. D. Scholes at the Appeal Court this morning if he wished to abandon his appeal or carry on with it.

"In this case," His Lordship warned the prisoner, "I shall consider increasing the sentence."

After saying that he wished to carry on with the appeal, Yip said that he was first told by the Police that he would be deported for 10 years only, and that it was only recently that he learnt he had been deported for life.

The prisoner asked for leniency. Mr. Justice Scholes told Yip that he had a long list of previous convictions, involving housebreaking, unlawful possession, and larceny.

He increased the sentence from six months to one year, saying that in his opinion the sentence imposed by the Magistrate was a light one, in view of the circumstances.

ANOTHER APPEAL
Another life deportee, Chan Shing, who appealed against a similar sentence, claimed that after his arrival in Chinese territory after his deportation, he was imprisoned by the Communist authorities for about two months, after which he was allowed to return to the Colony.

The appellant said that the reason for his return was that he had been released.

THE APL CASE: SECURITY POINT SETTLED

Security to be put up by the China Mutual Trading Co., Ltd (respondents) to the satisfaction of the Registrar of the Supreme Court and approved by the Court was finally settled before the Full Court this morning when hearing was resumed of an application for a stay of execution of a judgment given against the American President Lines Ltd in favour of respondents in respect of a cargo alleged to be strategic materials destined for Communist China.

The original application was made three weeks ago and two further adjournments were granted to enable the respondents to refer to the Registrar the security which the Court requested they should put up if the stay of execution was rescinded, and for the Registrar to report back to the Court whether such security met with his satisfaction.

The Full Court this morning ordered that security in cash estimated at roughly \$497,000 to be paid to the Registrar, and said the effect of their order was that execution would no longer be stayed.

Mr. Brook A. Bernacchi, instructed by Messrs Wilkinson and Grist, appeared for the appellants (the APL), and Mr. Percy Chen, instructed by Messrs Lau, Chan and Ko, represented the respondents.

The application for a stay arose in the course of an application by the APL for leave to appeal to the Privy Council. The Full Court granted leave on July 29, but held over its decision in regard to the stay of execution.

On January 31 last, the Chief Justice awarded the sum of \$464,000 and costs to the China Mutual Trading Co., Ltd., of 13-27 Ice House Street. The judgment was in respect of the contract price of the goods concerned, together with agreed damages of \$224,410. The goods comprised 52 drums of sulphadiazine, five drums of sulphadiazine USP, and 18 drums of sulphadiazine USP.

The APL subsequently brought an appeal before the Full Court comprising Mr. Justice T. J. Gould (Acting Chief Justice) and Mr. Justice C. W. Reece (Puisne Judge), who upheld the decision reached by the Chief Justice.

The same Full Court was to hear the application for leave to appeal to the Privy Council and for the extension of the stay of execution.

WRITTEN REPORT
When hearing resumed this morning, the Registrar (Mr. C. P. d'Almeida) handed to the Court a written report of a letter which he said he had received yesterday afternoon from Messrs Lau, Chan and Ko. He added that he had supplied copies to both parties and that the report spoke for itself.

After perusing the report, Mr. Justice Gould remarked that the suggested arrangement seemed reasonable to the Court. Mr. Bernacchi said it did not appear to take the position much further than it was a week ago. As far as he could see, the arrangement was a suggestion that the APL should pay the judgment debt over to respondents on their undertaking to pay a similar sum into Court, it really did not appear to counsel to matter who paid the sum of money into Court. The second proposal left them very much in the air.

As Counsel remarked a week ago, for obvious reasons the Court should be the final arbiter on this question of security, and Counsel asked the Court to follow the same principle as adopted last week. If any steps were taken to substitute the form of security in Court other than cash, Counsel asked that this should be submitted to the Registrar for consideration and for him to make his report to the Court, which could then be moved to confirm the security or otherwise.

No Merit In Man's Appeal

A man who brought an appeal against sentence of two years' imprisonment imposed on him by a Magistrate for obtaining money by false pretences, impersonating a Police officer and failing to report for Police supervision as required of him, told Mr. Justice A. D. Scholes, Acting Puisne Judge, at the Appeal Court this morning that he did not like to "waste His Lordship's time".

"I do not like to waste your time, and I am not going to argue with the law," the prisoner, Cheung Chi-hung, declared.

Cheung stated that what he wanted to say was that he had never claimed he was a member of the Police Force as alleged. In asking for a reduction of the sentence, he said he had an aged father to support.

Mr. D. N. E. Egan, Crown Counsel, told the Court that the appellant had several previous convictions, involving offences of obtaining money by false pretences, a breach of deportation order, larceny, aiding and abetting the impersonation of a Police officer, and pretending to be a public servant.

In dismissing the appeal, His Lordship said he found no merit in the case to warrant the reduction of the two-year sentence.

Firm Stand By Laniel Radio Hongkong

(Continued from Page 1)
will give the "back-to-work" order tonight.

"The Government has fixed its definite line of conduct. There will be no more talks with those who have not returned to work. There will only be a vast national effort to ensure at all costs the maintenance of the essential services of the state."

"Our country has need of all its force and all its prestige in the world."

"This prestige will depend to a large extent on your actions tomorrow morning. Your consciences will supply the answer. I tell you: the honour of the Republic is at stake and on that issue no government can compromise."

Earlier, the Prime Minister said that when it came to satisfying the claims of the workers he wanted to be able to do so in sound money.

"Am I wrong?" he said. "Are you prepared to write me to that effect? I am sure you are not. I ask you all to be fully aware of the destiny of your country and for everybody to act with a full sense of his personal responsibility in this connection."—Reuter.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"Dad, you won't tell Ann I caddy at the country club, will you? Somehow she got the idea big shots say hello to me because I'm one of them!"